





24 June 2021: violent tornado in southern Morava



Can a violent tornado occur in these countries?

- A. Italy
- B. Finland
- C. Poland
- D. United Kingdom
 - E. Bulgaria



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European Severe Storms Laboratory



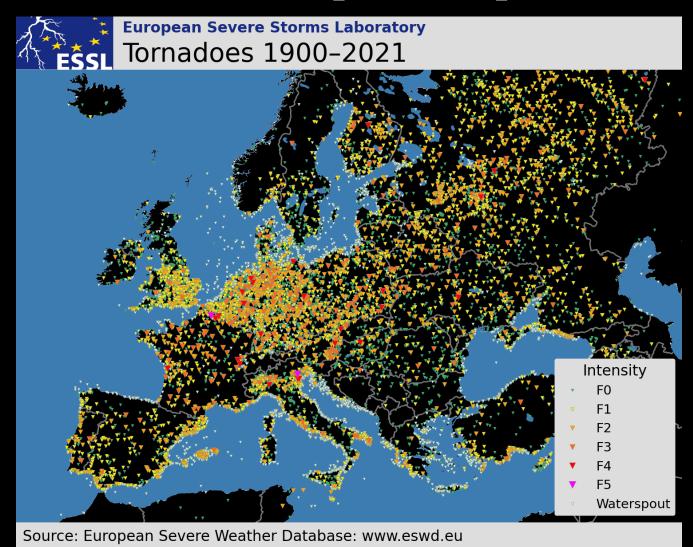
Image 6: F4 damage (strong brick structure, walls partly collapsed) in western Mira close to the Villa Fini, on the other side of the streamer (photo: Alberto Gobbi)





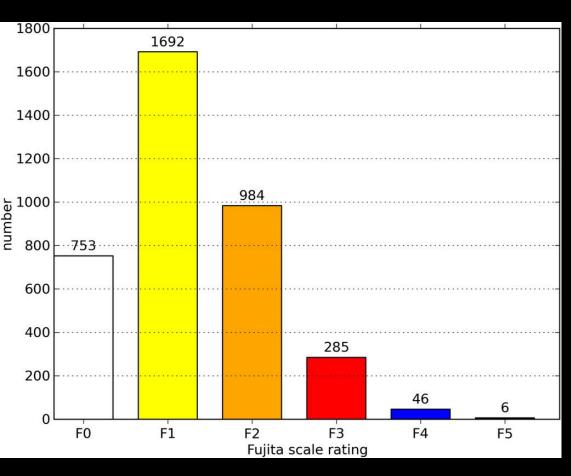


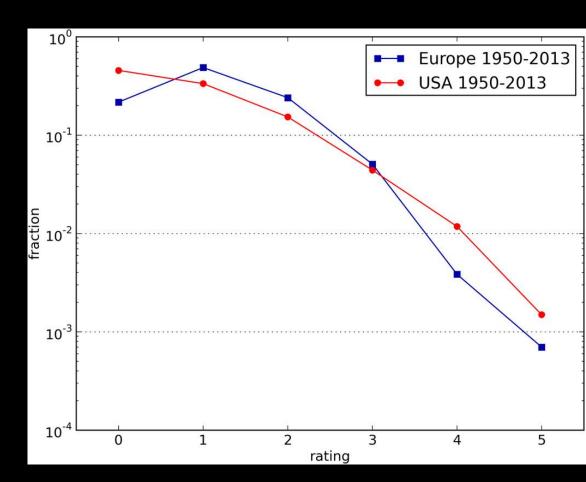
Statistical perspective





Statistical perspective







At what height do we observe the strongest wind in tornadoes?

A. > 100 m AGL

B. 50 - 100 m AGL

C. 10 - 50 m AGL

D. < 10 m AGL

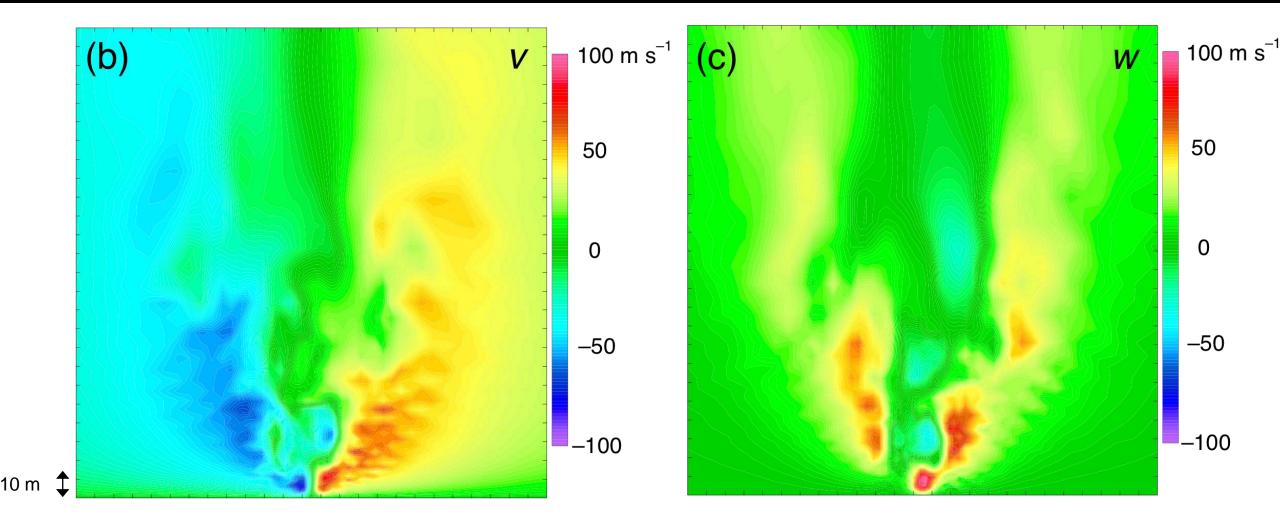


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C.
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Simulation by David Lewellen



Strongest wind typically < 10 m AGL





Significant vertical component of wind: debris lofting and its impact





Significant vertical component of wind: debris lofting and its impact





24 June 2021 tornado

Impact of strong tornado windspeeds on hundreds of structures





24 June 2021 tornado

Examples of violent tornado damage





24 June 2021 tornado

Examples of violent tornado damage





Which of the following applies in case of strong tornado

- A. Take shelter in a sturdy building
- B. Try to drive away from the tornado
 - C. If caught in the vehicle, stay in it
- D. Shelter in an interior room without windows
 - E. You need to be underground, or you die
 - F. Film it and become a famous youtuber



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How does this compare to the generic impact texts for severe wind gusts?



24 June 2021: extent of severe weather outbreak

500 hPa height and temperature

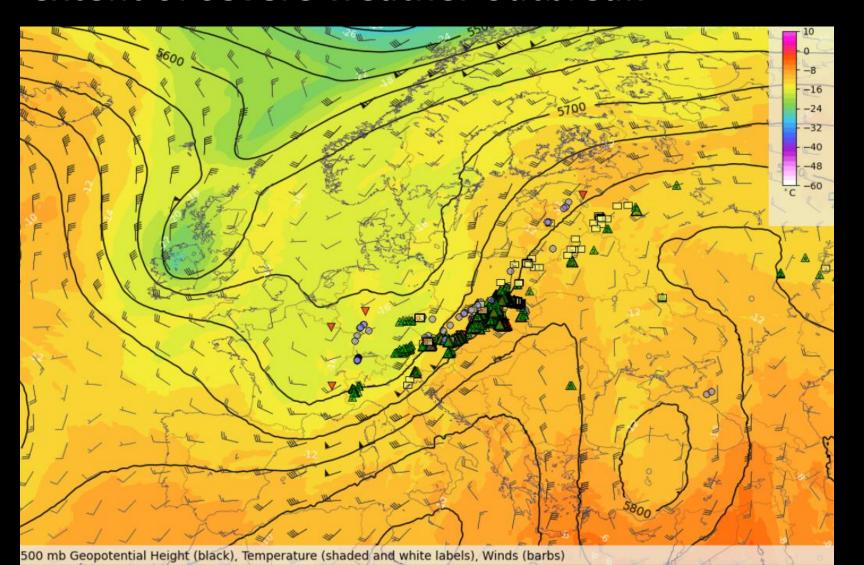
ESWD reports

Hail: green triangles

Heavy Rain: blue dots

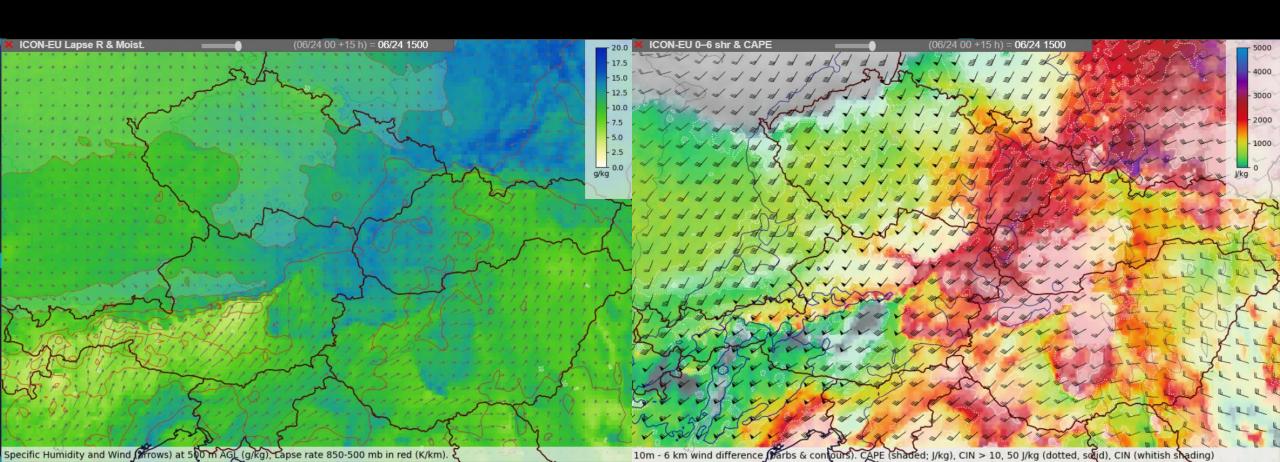
Tornadoes: red triangles

Wind: Yellow rectangles





24 June 2021





What else to consider for strong tornadoes?

- A. CAPE > 3000 J/kg
- B. High cloud bases
- C. Low cloud bases
- D. Strong shear in the upper troposphere
- E. Strong shear in the lower troposphere
 - F. Surface boundary present

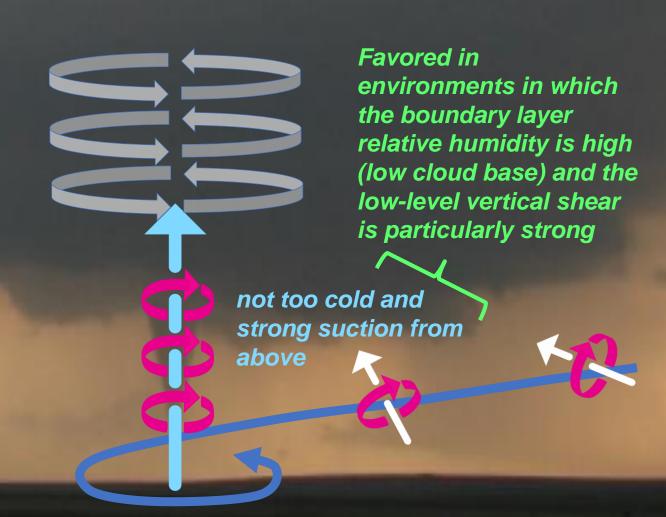


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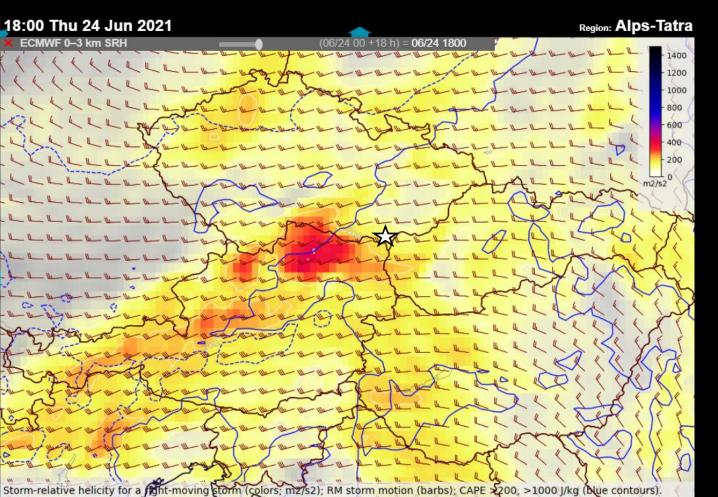
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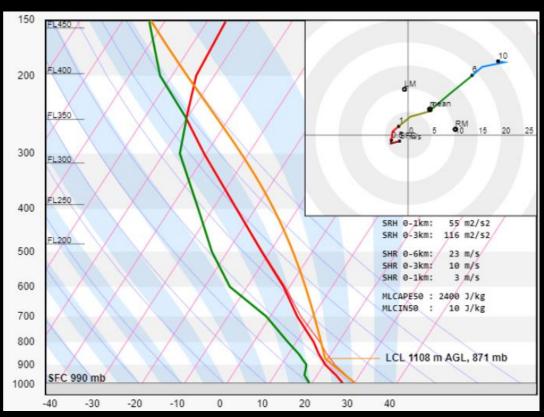


Tornadogesis in supercells Courtesy of Paul Markowski

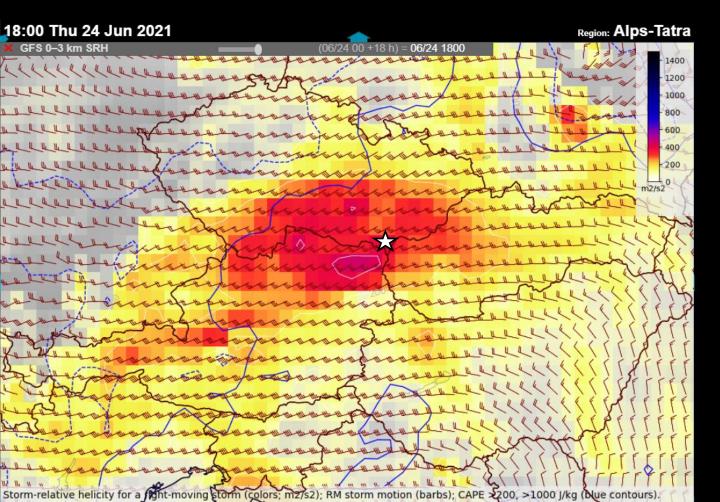


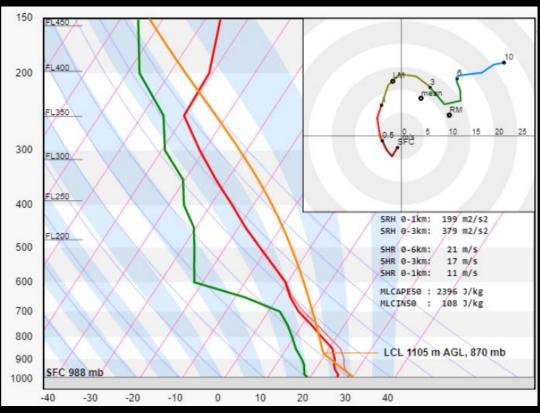




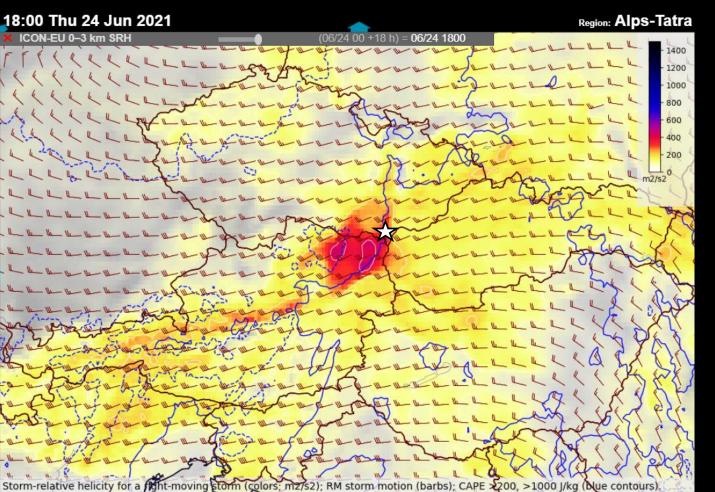


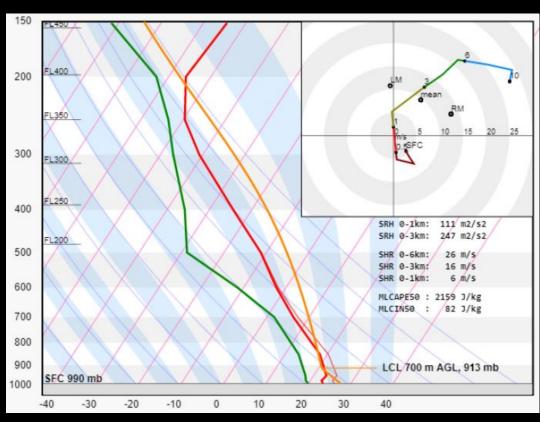




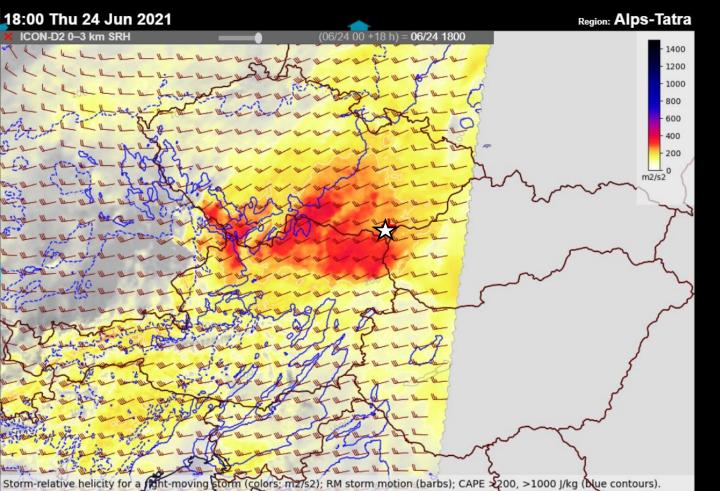


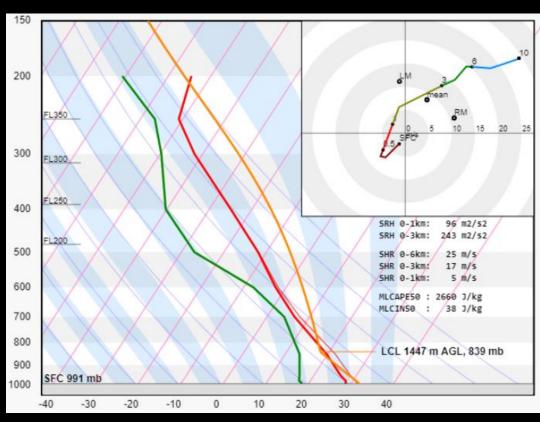




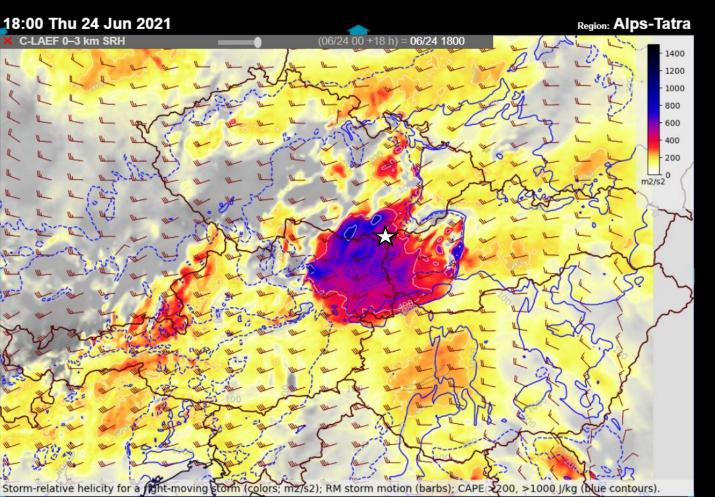


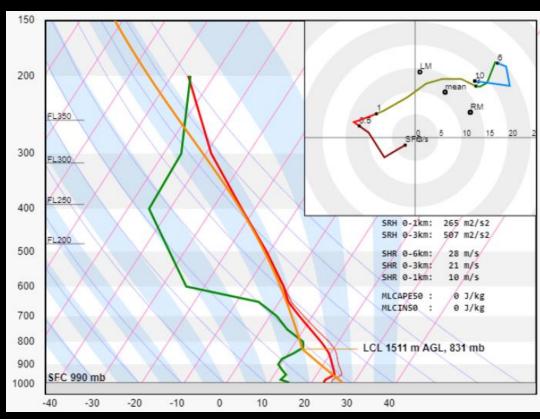






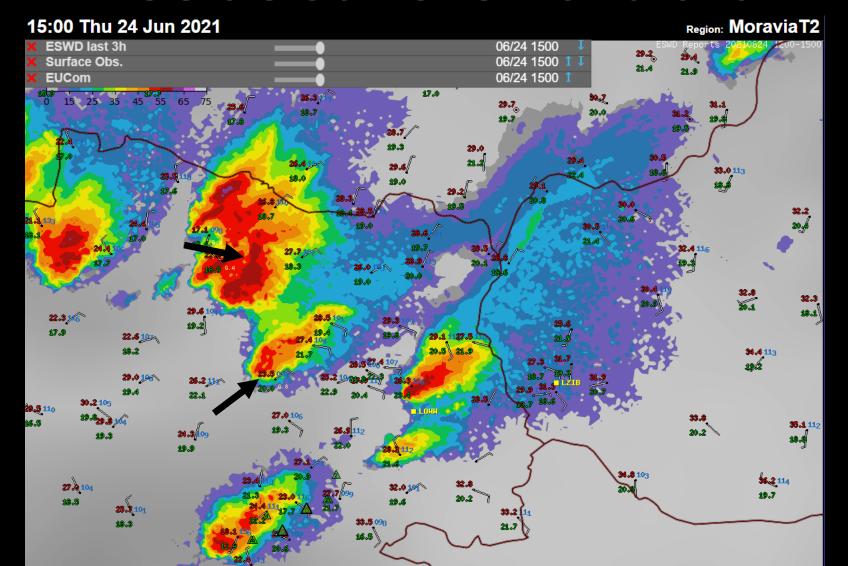








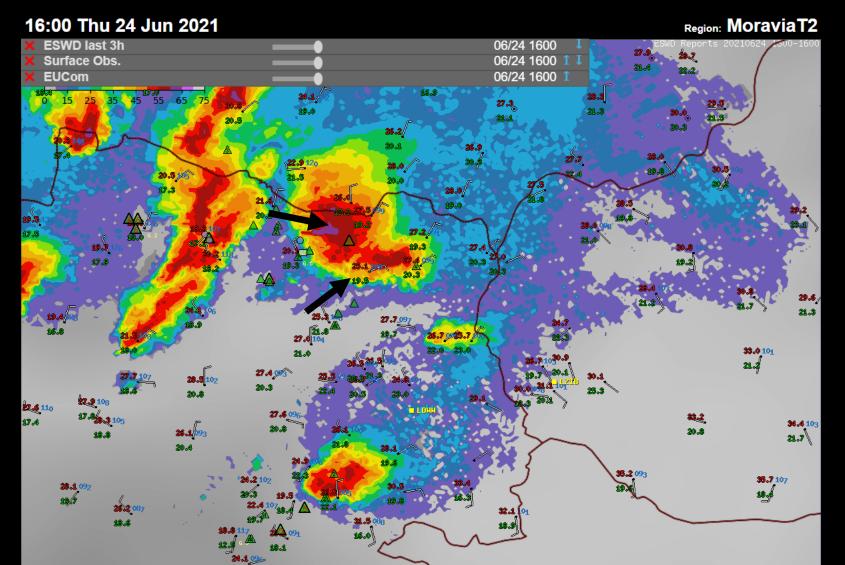
Mesoscale evolution



Surface station data courtesy of CHMI, SHMI, ZAMG



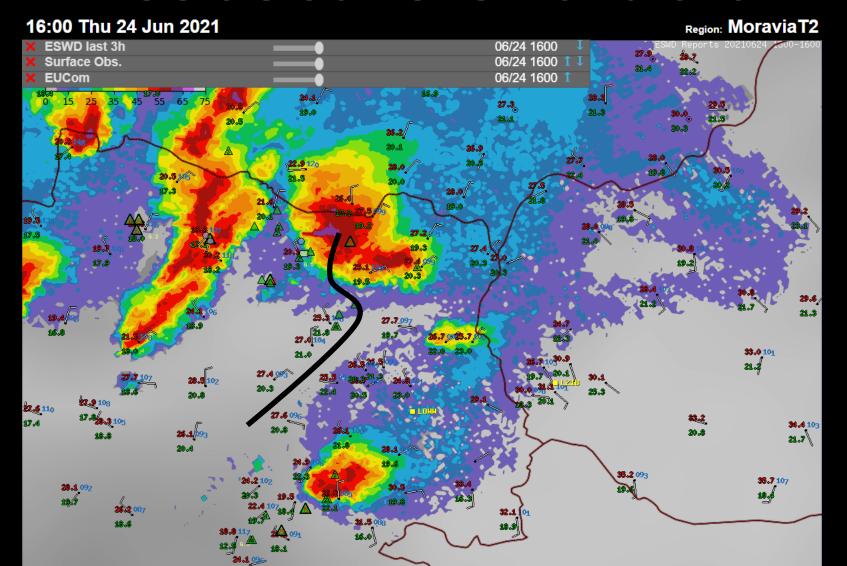
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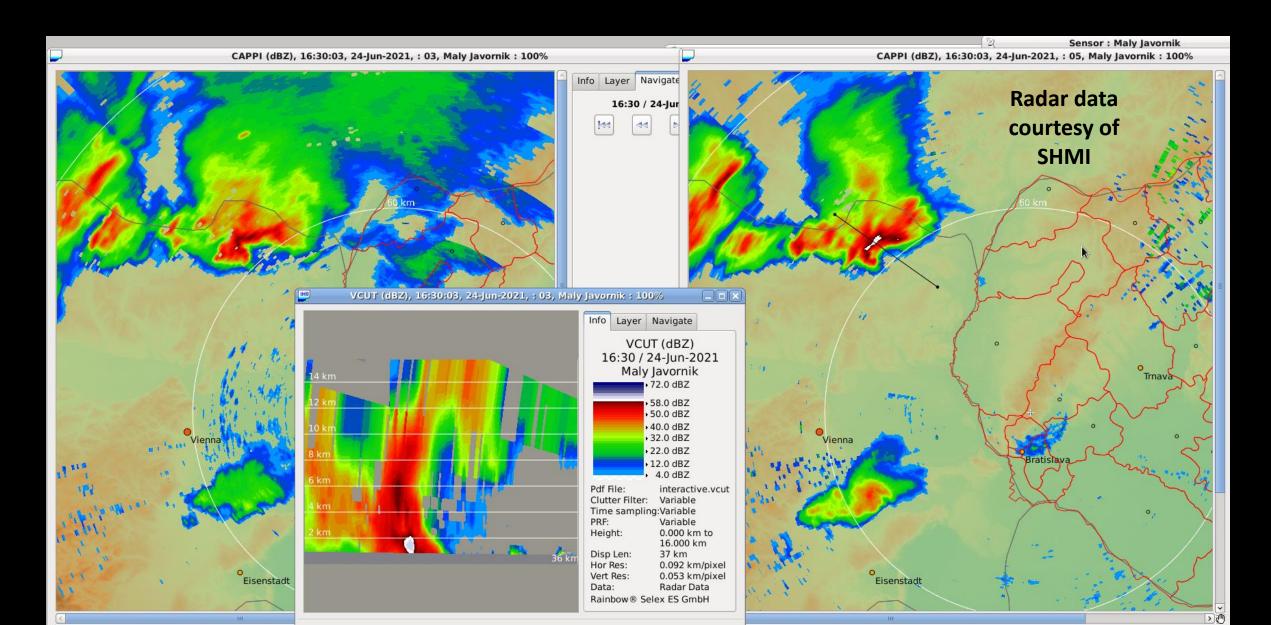


Mesoscale evolution



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Lessons learned? from the 24 June 2021 tornado

Violent tornadoes can occur outside of the tornado "hotspots" in Europe.

Do the generic warning impact texts cover the scope of the threat?

Damage survey coordination in event of such a scale is difficult.

Mesoscale evolution can play a significant role, especially in volatile high CAPE setups.