Forecasting freezing rain: tools, experiences and case studies

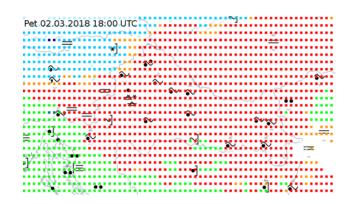


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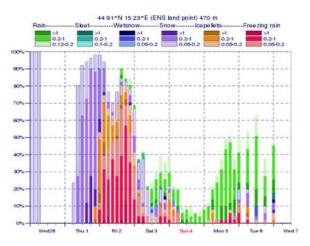


Freezing rain

- introduction/motivation
- severe event in Feb 2014 (CRO/SLO/HU)
- new products (ECMWF precipitation type)
- case study Feb/March 2018









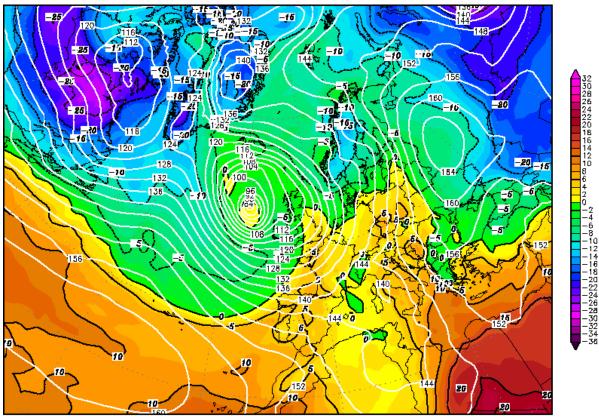
2014 freezing rain

- From Jan 31st to Feb 5th
- Croatia, Slovenia and Hungary
- Damage 3 billion HRK = 400 mil EUR (Croatia)
 - mostly on electricity/rail/energy and forestry
- Was not expected/forecasted in that intensity (Croatia)





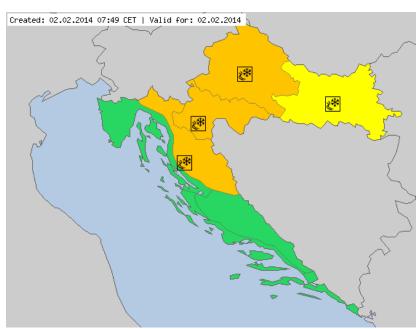
Init: Sat,01FEB2014 00Z Valid: Sat,01FEB2014 00Z 850 hPa Geopot. (gpdm) und Temperatur (Grad C)

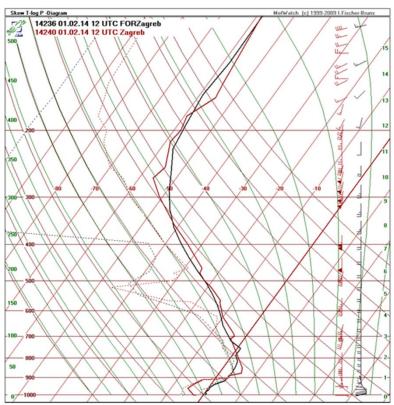


Daten: GFS—Modell des amerikanischen Wetterdienstes (C) Wetterzentrale www.wetterzentrale.de

forecast

Not expected in that intensity and duration





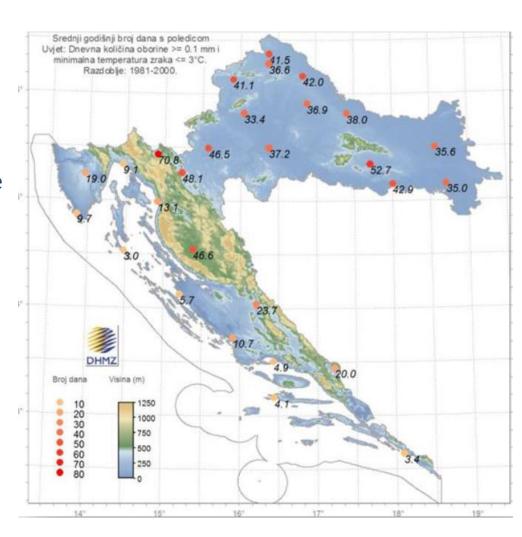
CLIMATOLOGY

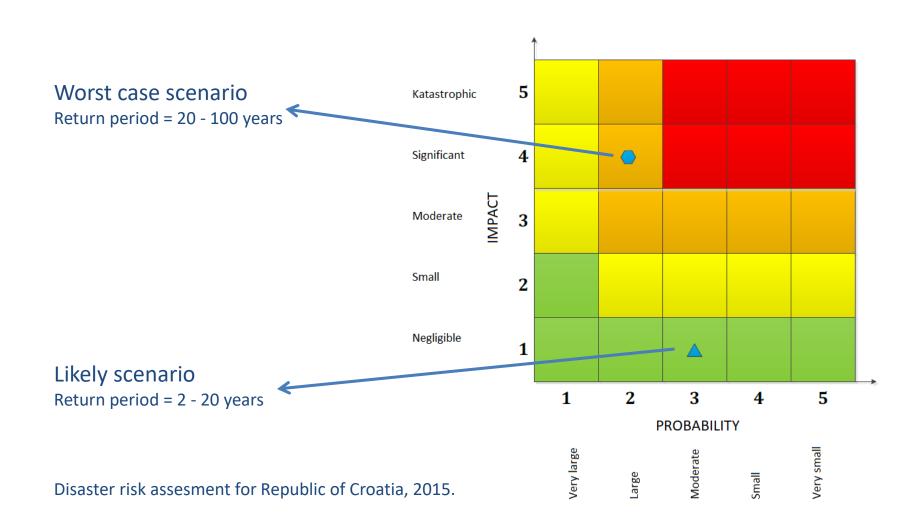
Mean annual number of days with black ice

RR24>=0.3 mm

Tmin<=-3°C

Disaster risk assesment for Republic of Croatia, 2015.





Freezing rain – Why is it so important?

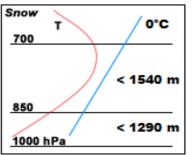
- 1. Rare
- 2. Hard to forecast
- 3. Can cause extreme damages/casualties

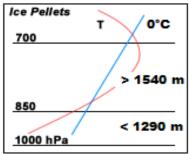
Vertical profiles

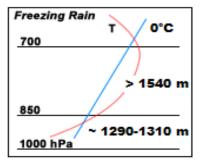
- Keeter, K. K., and J. W. Cline (1991)
- (for North Carolina)

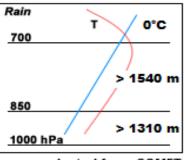
- 1000-850 mb
- 850-700 mb

Typical 1000-850 mb and 850-700 mb Thickness Values and Associated Precipitation Types









adapted from COMET

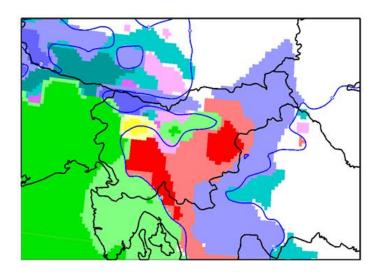
New operational product



ECMWF – precipitation type

Modification of the cloud scheme slows down the re-freezing process.

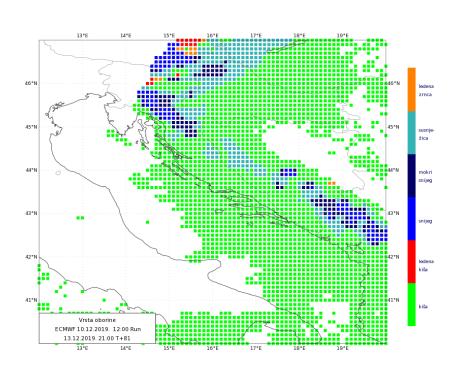
New physics: the fraction of snow at the bottom of the warm layer determines whether precipitation will fall as freezing rain or ice pellets

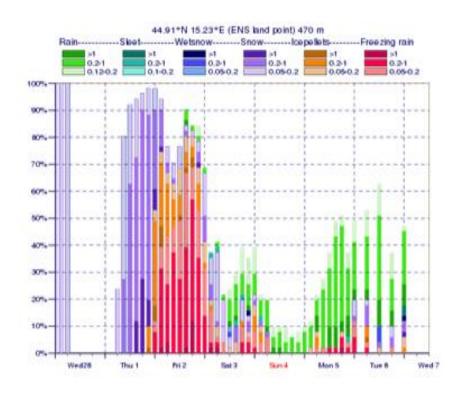


02/02/2014 12UTC

Courtesy of Estibaliz Gascon (ECMWF)

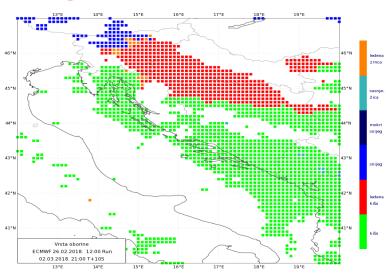
ECMWF – precipitation type





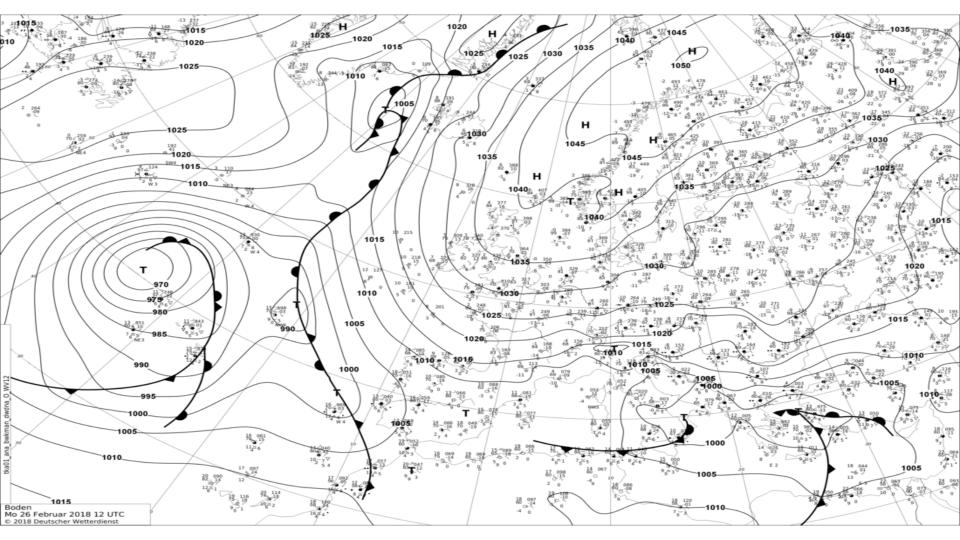
forecasters survey: ECMWF precip. type product (freezing rain) reliable?

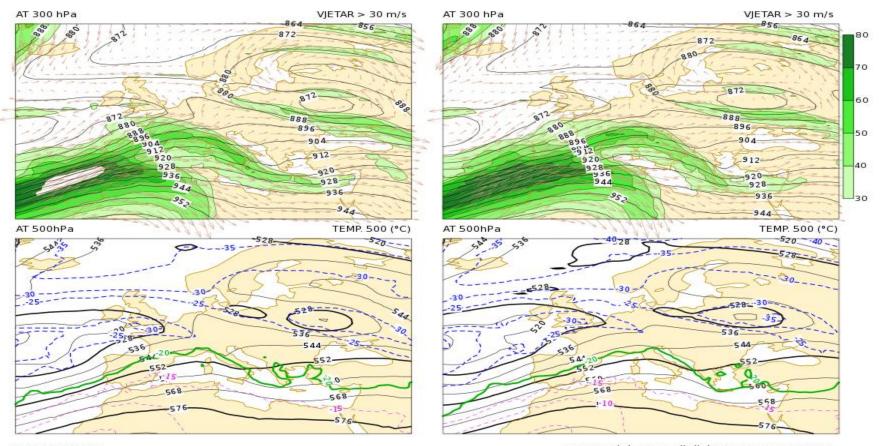




- particularly when the signal is strong very reliable (duration, amount)
- for weak signal take care

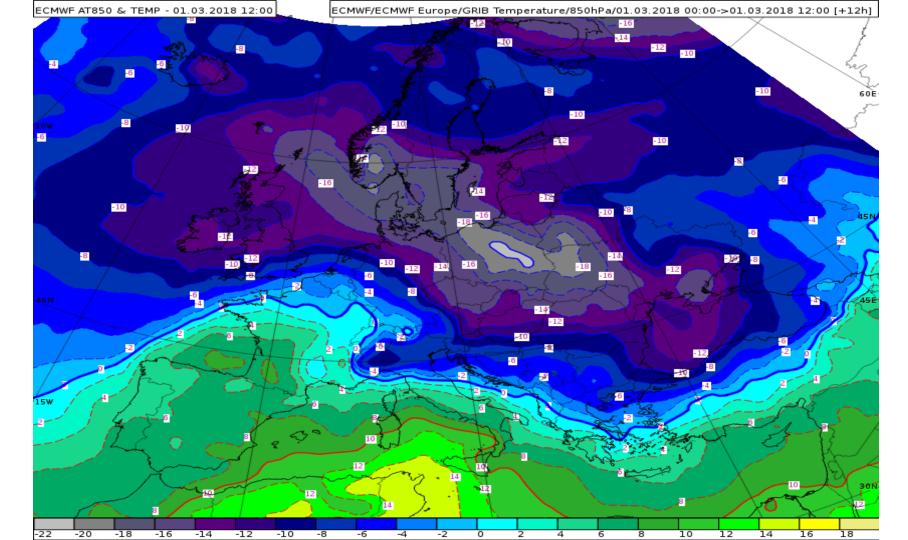


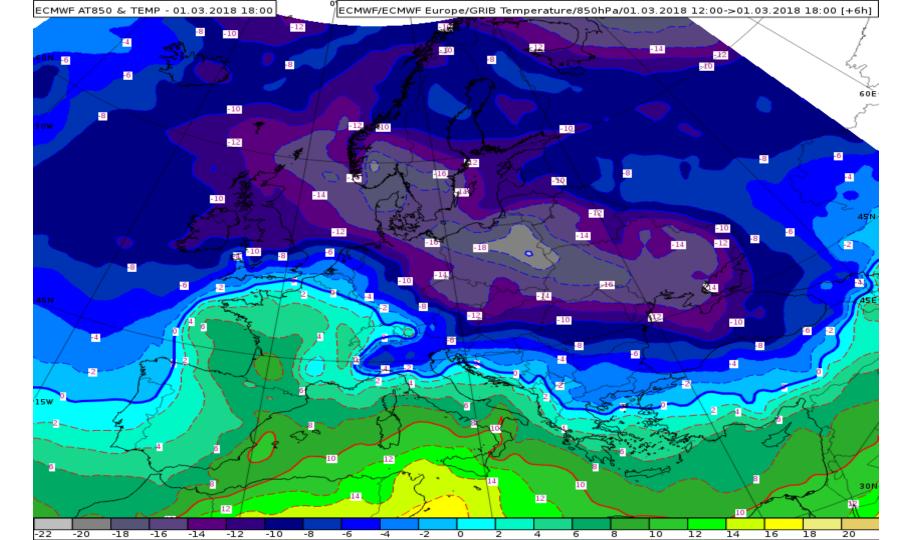


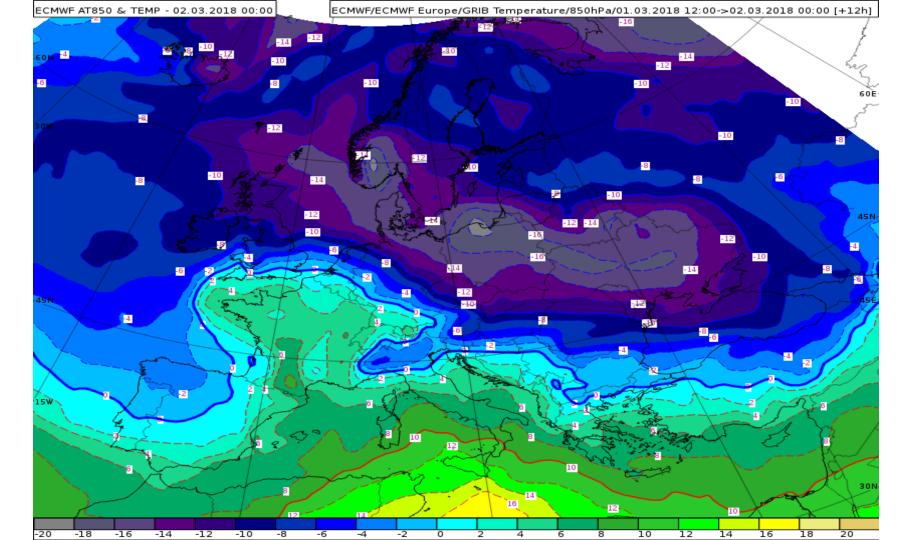


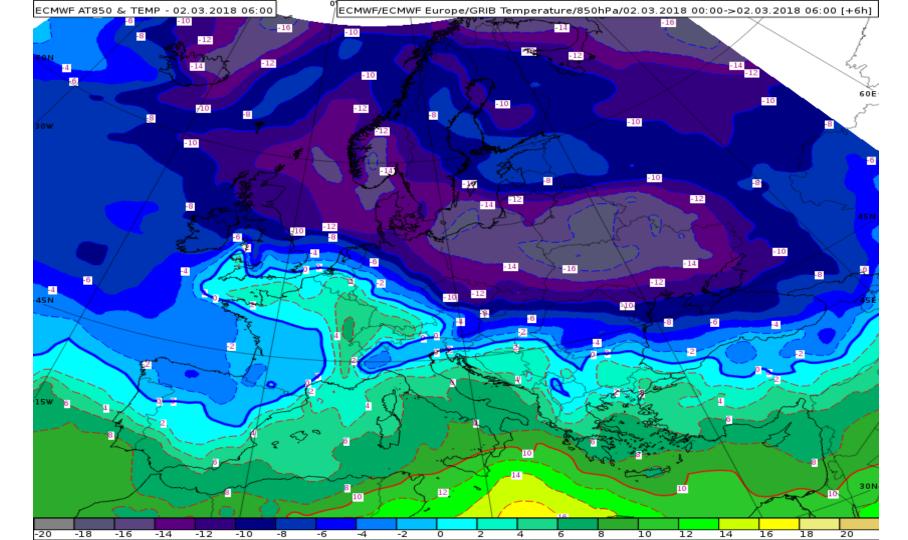
ECMWF RUN_12

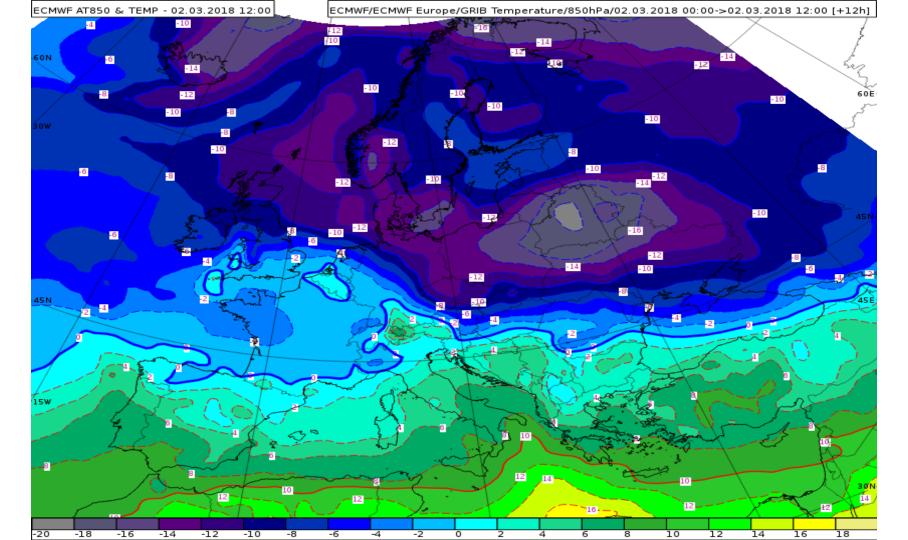
start modela: Ponedjeljak 26.02.2018. 12 UTC

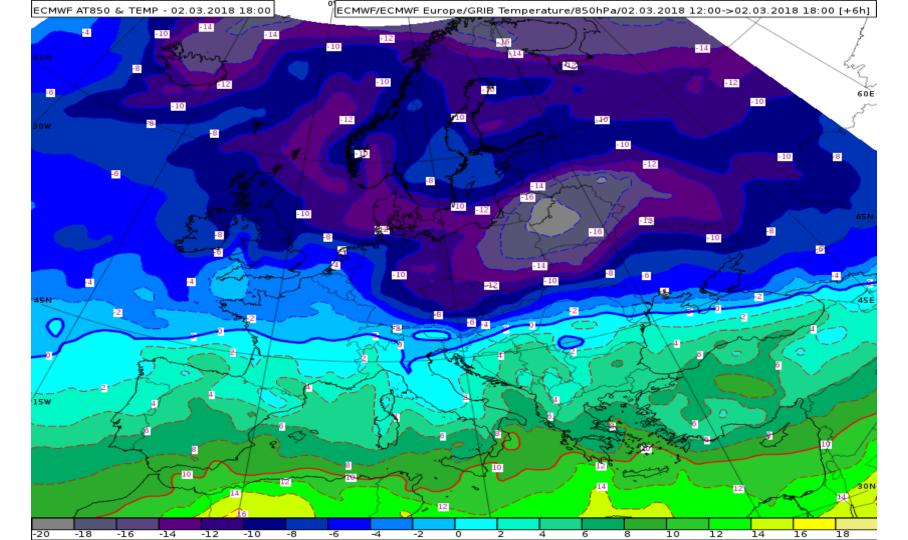


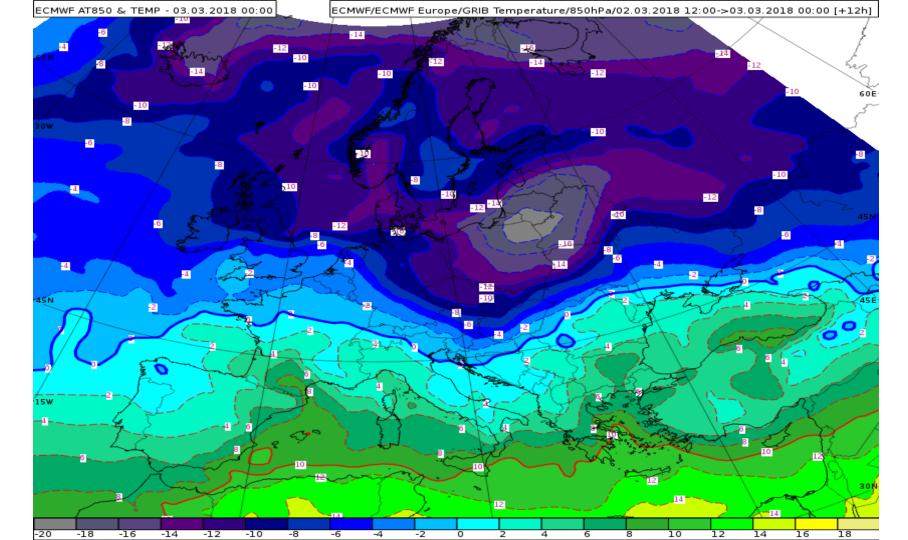




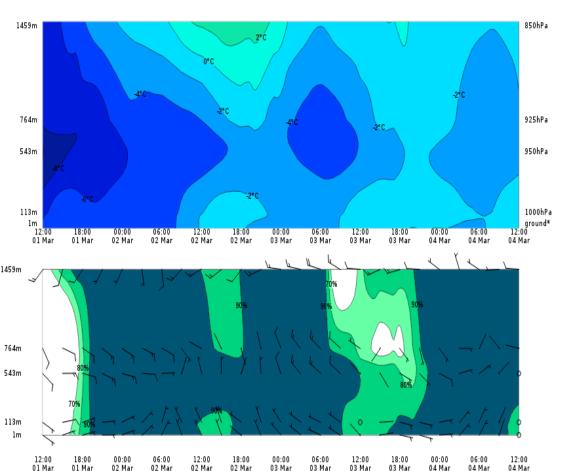






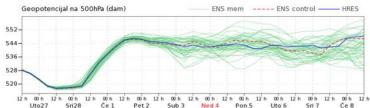


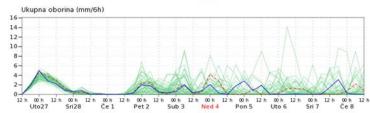
45° 09'N 18° 43'E: 01.03.2018 12:00 - 04.03.2018 12:00

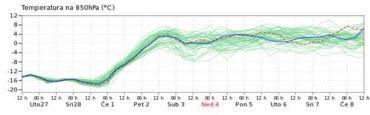


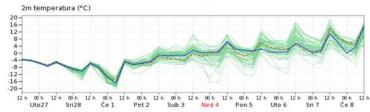
ENS Meteogram - Osijek 45°31` N 18°34` E 89m model 45.5°N 18.625°E

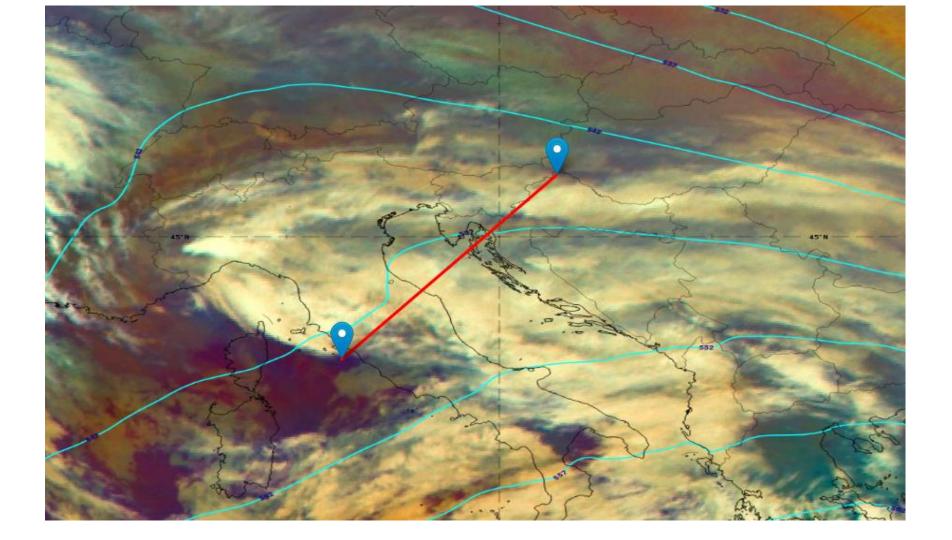
start modela 26.02.2018. 12UTC

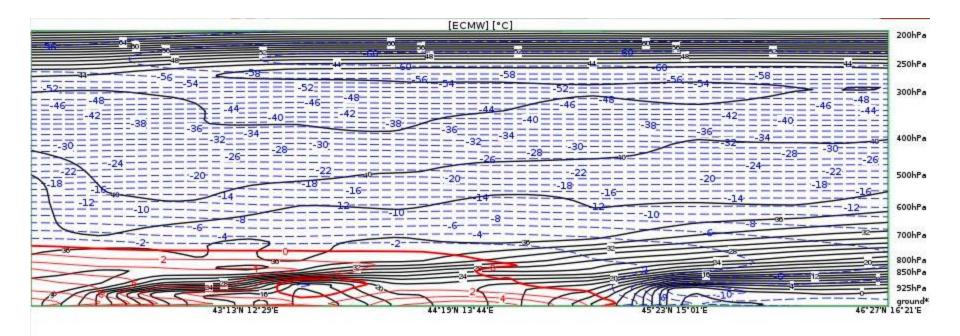




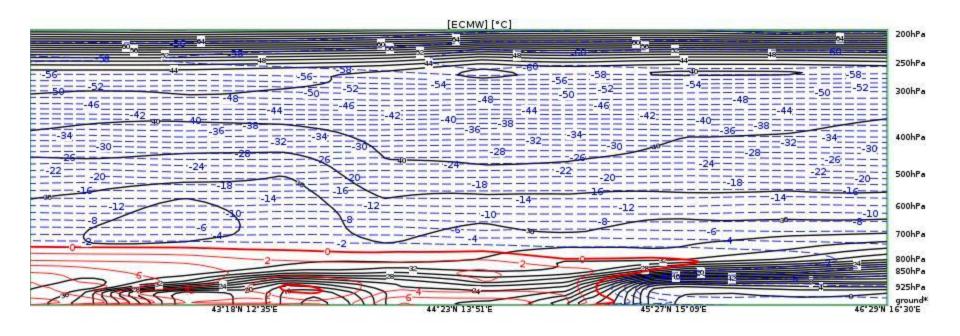




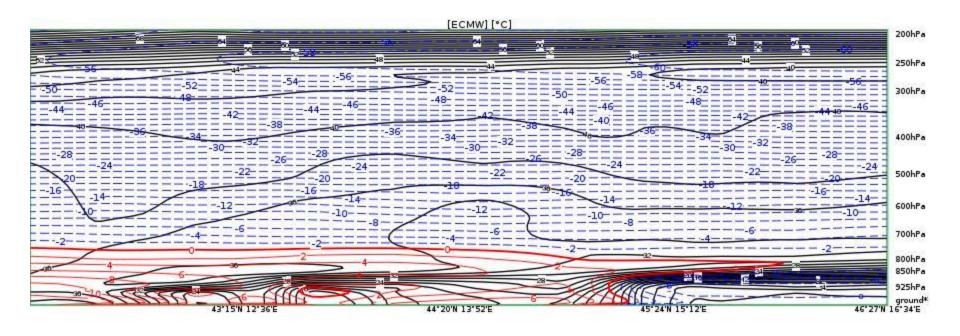




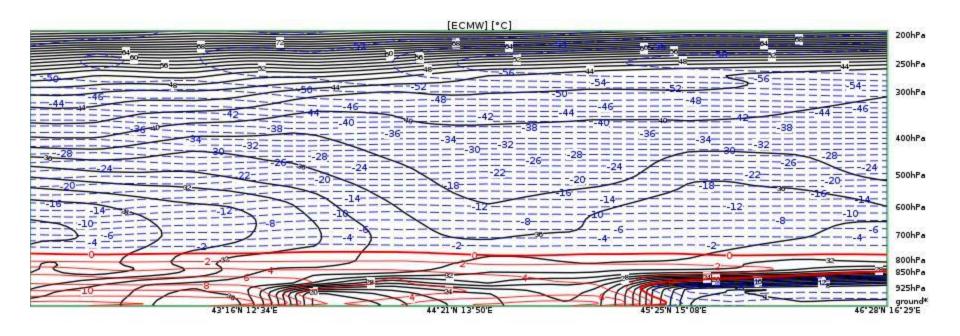
Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°07'N 11°17'E - 46°27'N 16°21'E, valid 01.03.2018 18:00



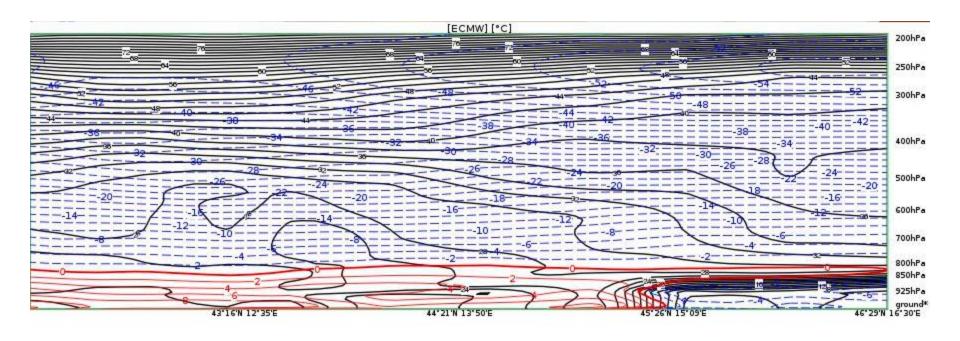
Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°13'N 11°23'E - 46°29'N 16°30'E, valid 02.03.2018 00:00



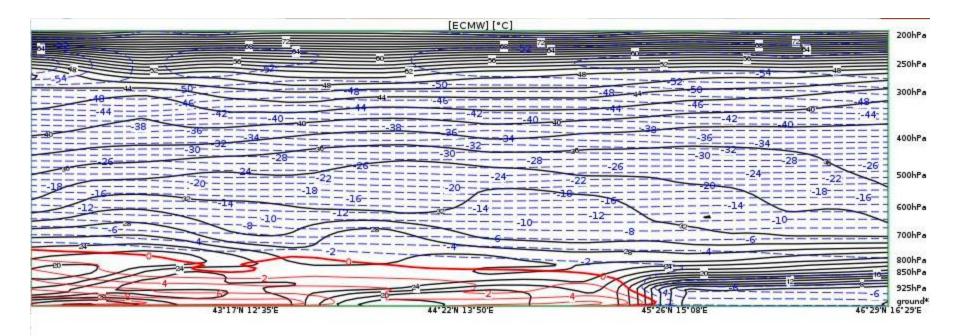
Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°10'N 11°22'E - 46°27'N 16°34'E, valid 02.03.2018 06:00



Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°10'N 11°22'E - 46°28'N 16°29'E, valid 02.03.2018 12:00

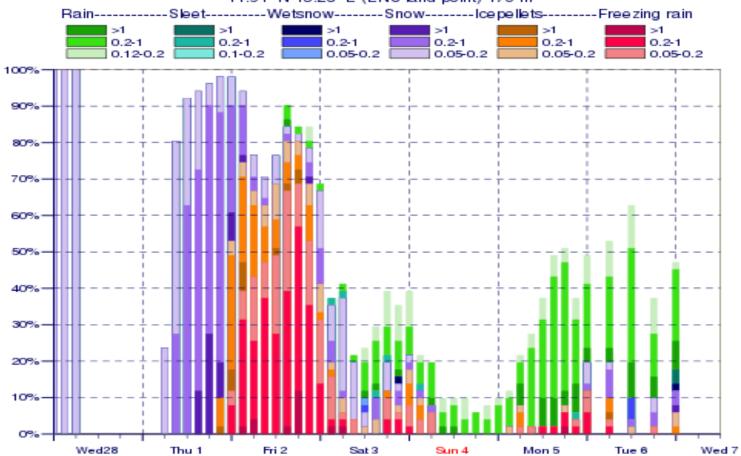


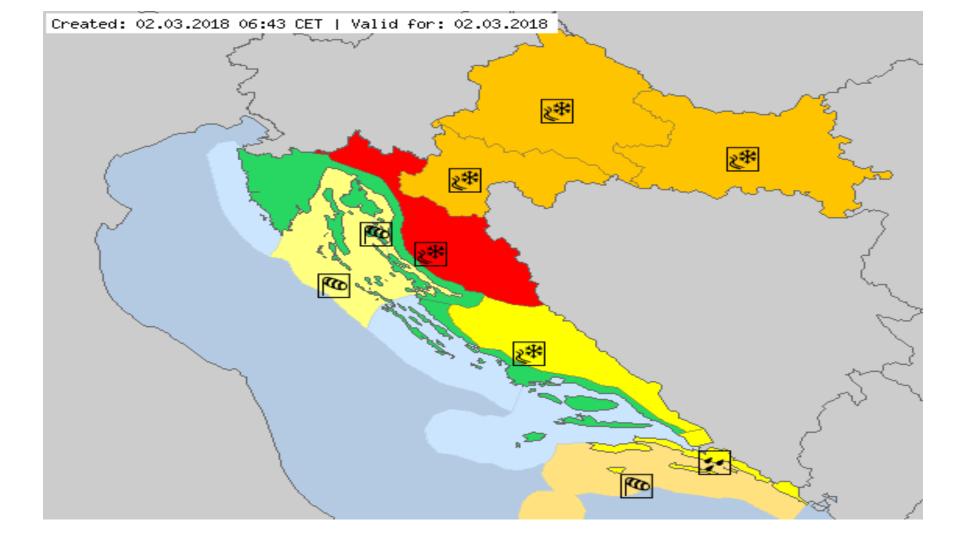
Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°10'N 11°22'E - 46°29'N 16°30'E, valid 02.03.2018 18:00

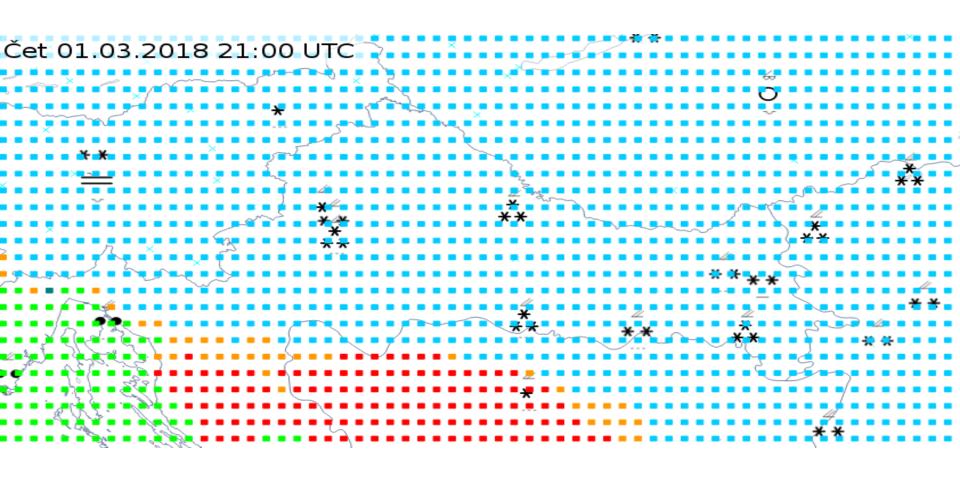


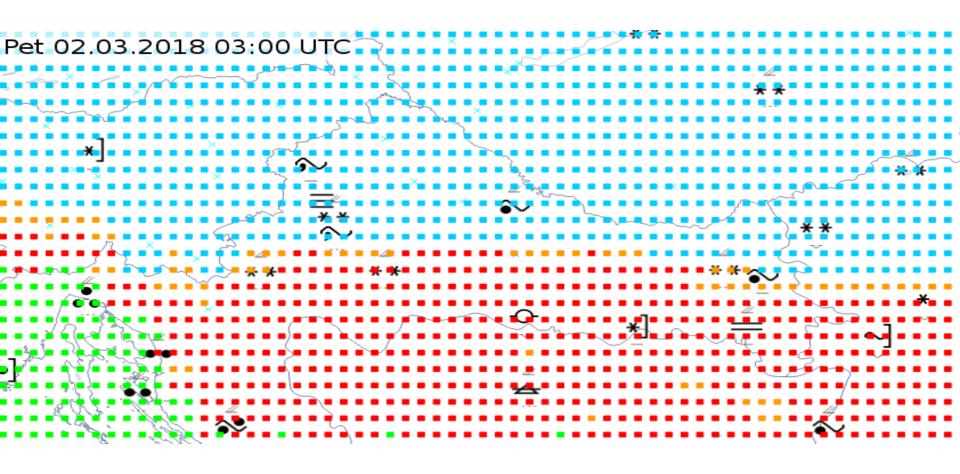
Cross-Section from map Equivalent Potential Temperature and Temperature for 42°11'N 11°23'E - 46°29'N 16°29'E, valid 03.03.2018 00:00

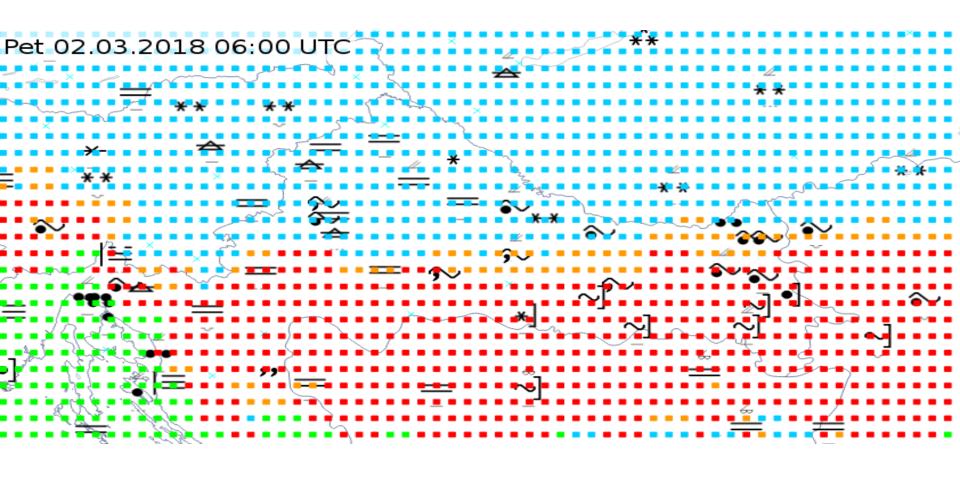
44.91°N 15.23°E (ENS land point) 470 m

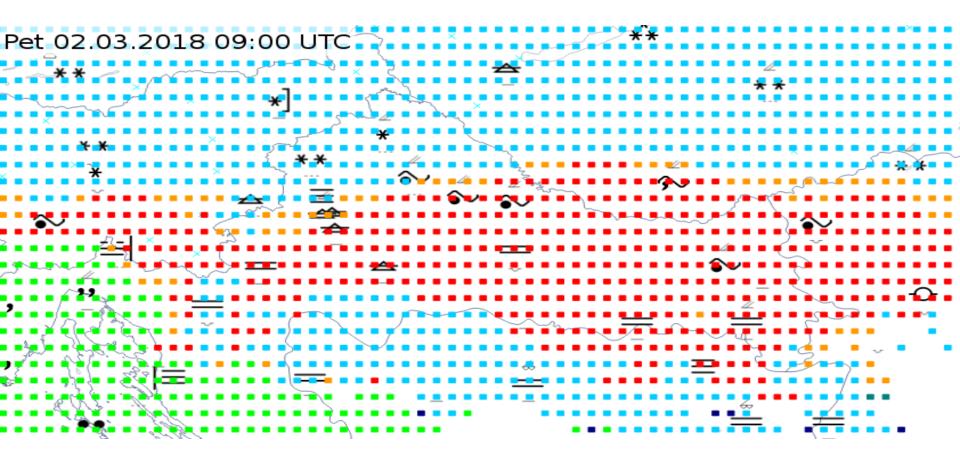


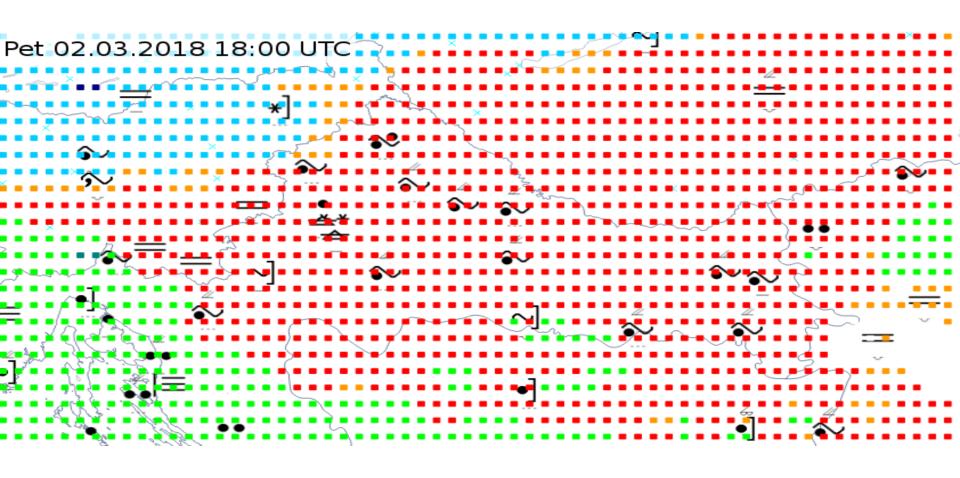


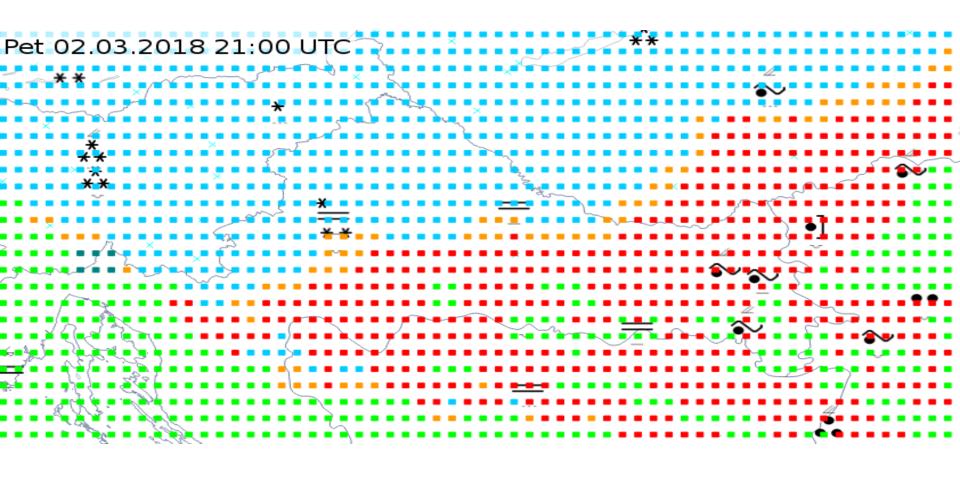


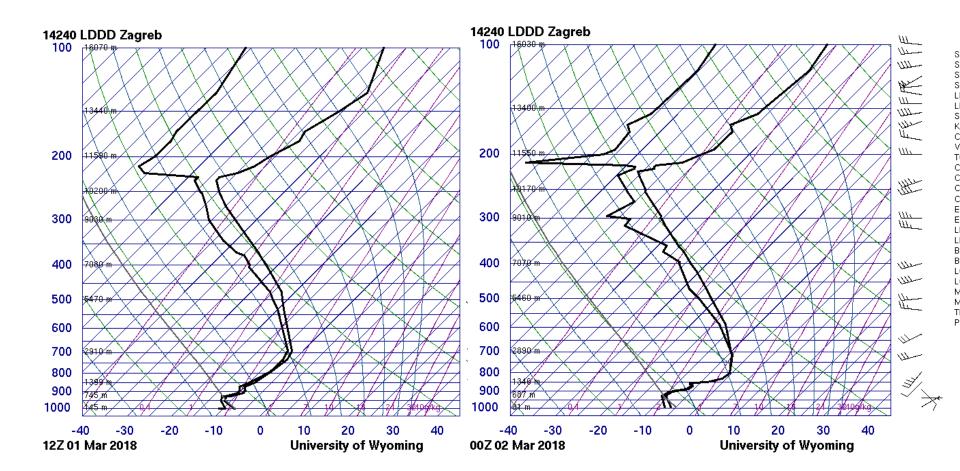


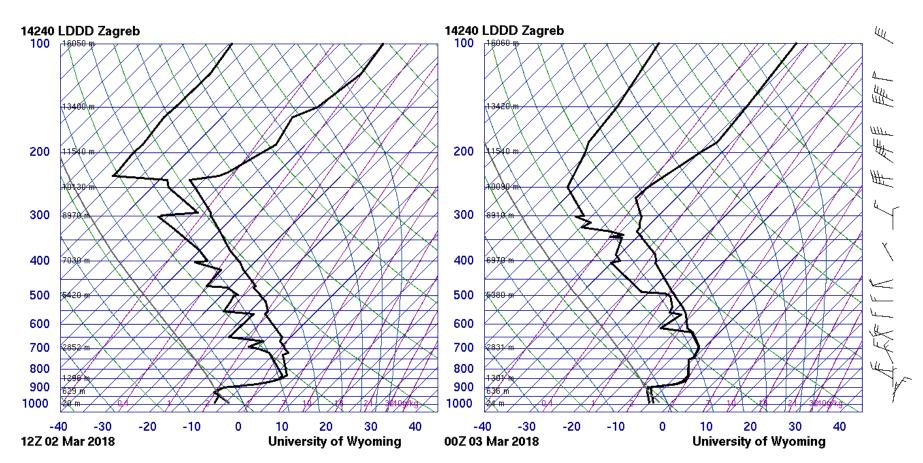












SLA SLE SH LIFT SW KIN CTA CA CA CIN CIN EQ

CIN CIN EQ EQ LF(BR(LCI LCI ML TH(PW



to conclude...

- more experience with the phenomenon
- new products available
- subjective verification so far very good
- still a major challenge forecasting the impact!





Thank you!



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