

EUMETSAT Network of Satellite Application Facilities







That's me....

Lothar Schüller

- working for EUMETSAT since 2004
- SAF Network Manager
- Remote sensing expert
- Managing SAF Network activities at the EUMETSAT Secretariat









Who are you?

a remote sensing expert, developing retrievals and applications

a user of satellite products

a newcomer in the field, trying to get some insights

a user of SAF products

a part of a SAF team

None of the above,





I am here:







Where are you?







What can you expect after this lecture....?

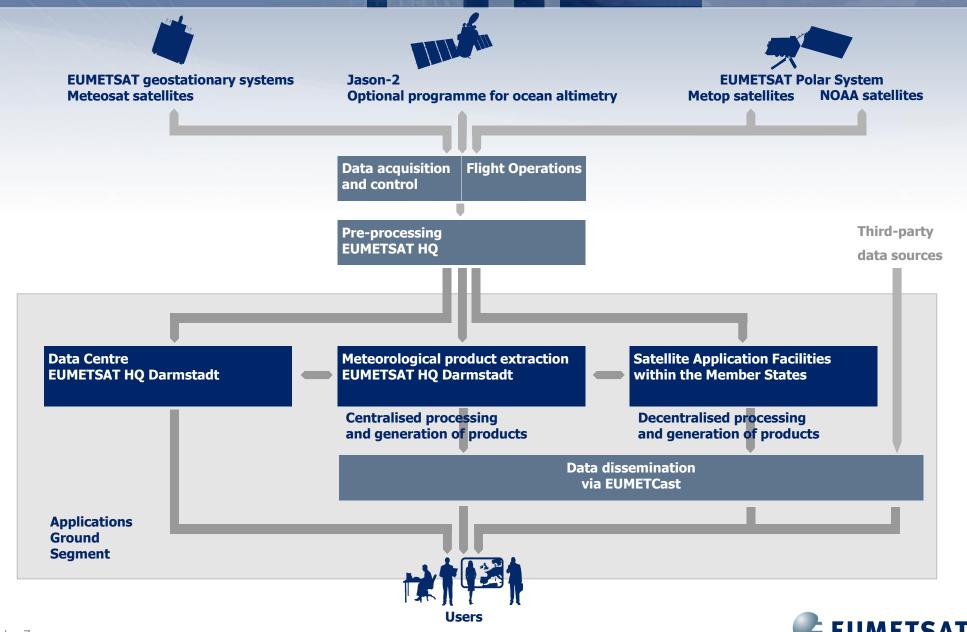
Better knowledge about:

- the nature of SAF products and activities
- what distinguishes SAF products from other types of satellite products
- which services and tools are available to support my applications
- what the programmatic framework of the SAFs is
- which SAFs exist, who they are, what they do
- how SAFs work
- how I can get more information on the SAFs and its services
- how I can influence the evolution of the SAF products
- Some recent news





EUMETSAT ground segment overview



Why SAFs? Facts and Objectives

Facts:

- New generation of Meteorological Satellites (like MSG and Metop) have much wider areas of application
- specific expertise available in EUMETSAT's Member and Cooperating States

Objectives:

- SAF concept encourage the utilisation of existing skills and infrastructure in Member- and Cooperating States for developing geophysical data products and services
- Facilitating cost-effective exploitation by ensuring services are distributed in the most appropriate way
- SAFs improve the ability of EUMETSAT Member States to exploit satellite data
- Fostering development of cooperation with non-Member States and other organisations





What is a SAF?

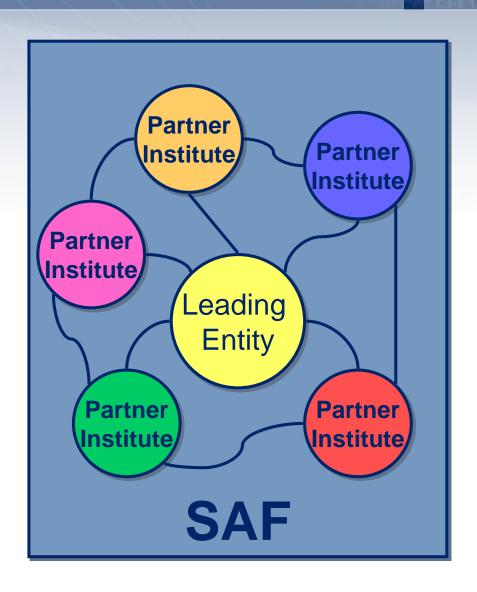


- SAF = Satellite Application Facility
- part of the EUMETSAT application ground segment
- complement production of standard meteorological products at EUMETSAT central facility
- providing products and services to users
- specialised on topics and themes
- located at Weather Services in EUMETSAT Member and Co-operating States
- developed and operated by consortium of partners





What is a SAF?

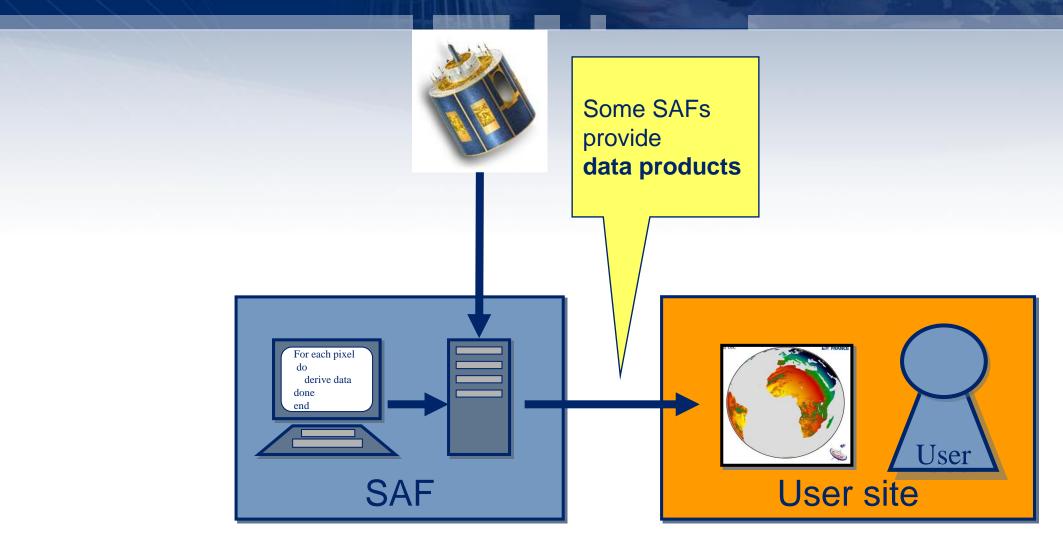


- SAF is developed and operated in a consortium
- lead by a **Leading Entity** (a National Meteorological Service)
- involving partners in EUMETSAT Member and Co-operating states
 - National Meteorological Services
 - Other operational organisations
 - Universities and Research Institutes





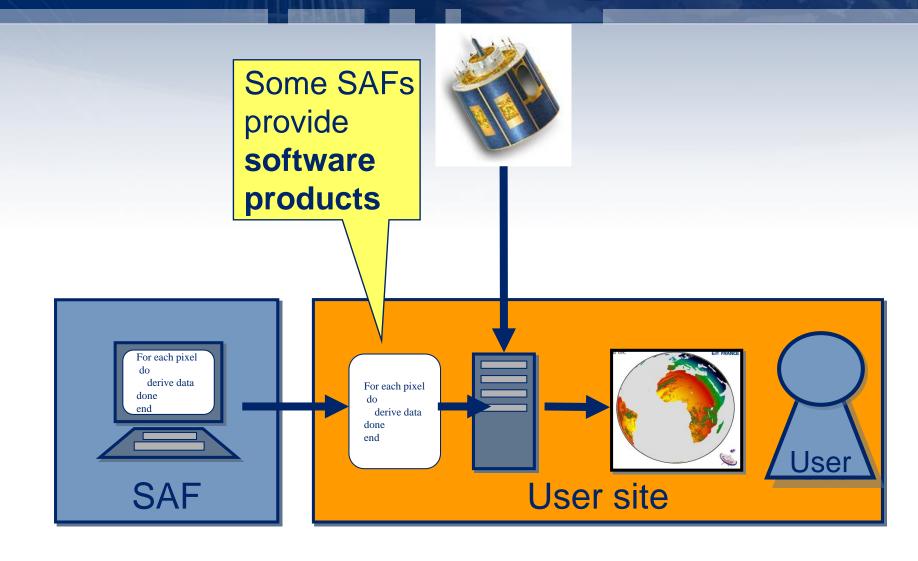
How do SAFs work? Providing data products







How do SAFs work? Providing Software products





Which SAFs do you know?

There are 8 EUMETSAT SAFs existing today. Which ones do you know?





Nature of SAF products

The goal of SAFs is to provide "operational" products. What do we mean with operational?

- Continuity of product provision
- Continuity of product improvements
- Continuous quality monitoring
- Committed user services
- Validation and review before official release/launch
- Complete Documentation of Products, Algorithms, Validation Results
- •





Where are the SAFs?







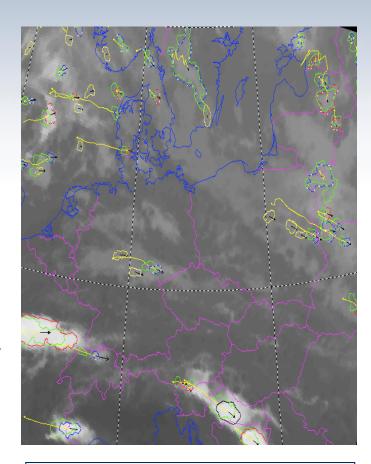
Nowcasting SAF





"Support to Nowcasting and Very Short Range Forecasting" (NWC SAF)

- established to utilise the new data from MSG and the polar platforms (Metop and NOAA) for enhancing Nowcasting
- Development of Software packages for the operational extraction of products relevant to Nowcasting and for local installation
- Leading Entity is the Spanish Meteorological Agency AEMET in Madrid
- NWC SAF is in its Continuous Development and Operations Phase (CDOP) since March 2007
- Regular updated software packages since October 2004



Rapidly developing Thunderstorm Product



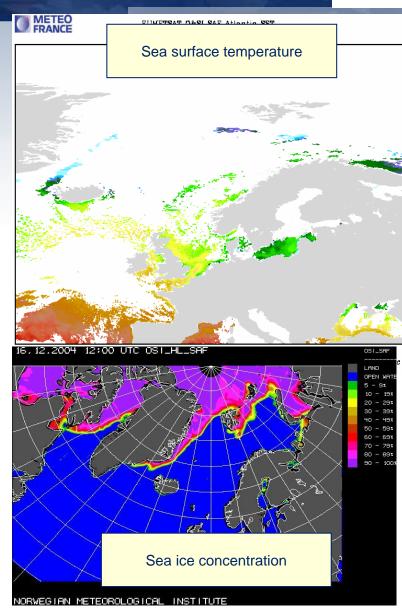


Ocean and Sea Ice SAF





- Ocean and Sea Ice (OSI) SAF routinely produces and disseminates products characterising the ocean surface and the energy fluxes across the sea surface
- Operationally produces information on the sea ice characteristics (extend, concentration, ...)
- Leading Entity is Météo-France in Lannion
- OSI SAF distributes near real-time products based on NOAA, MSG, Metop, SeaWinds, DMSP and GOES data
- OSI SAF is in its Continuous Development and Operations Phase (CDOP) since March 2007







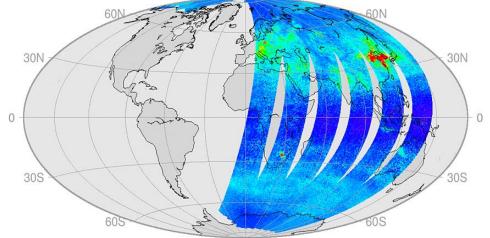
Ozone SAF



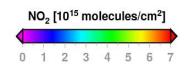


- SAF on Ozone and Atmospheric Chemistry Monitoring (O3M SAF)
- developed for the processing of data on ozone, other trace gases, aerosols and ultraviolet radiation
- Emphasis on the Global Ozone Monitoring Experiment (GOME-2) on EPS (Metop)
- Leading Entity is the Finnish
 Meteorological Institute FMI, Helsinki
- The O3M SAF is in its Continuous
 Development and Operations Phase
 (CDOP) since March 2007
- First release of products in Summer 2007





One-day Composite Lv2 Version: GDP-4.3 http://wdc.dlr.de









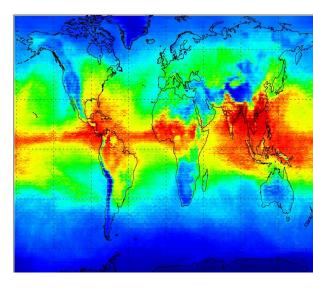
Climate Monitoring SAF

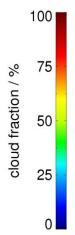




- SAF on Climate Monitoring
- generates and archives high-quality data-set for specific climate application areas

 Currently concentrates on:
- Currently concentrates on:
 - cloud parameters
 - radiation budget parameters
 - atmospheric humidity
- Leading Entity is the German Weather Service DWD, Offenbach
- In Continuous Development and Operations Phase (CDOP) since March 2007
- NOAA-AVHRR based data operationally produced since November 2004, MSG based data from October 2005, Metop data used since 2009.
- Climate Data Records: 20 years of SSM/I Water Vapour information released in 2009.





 m^{-2}

90

FPW (average,

70

60

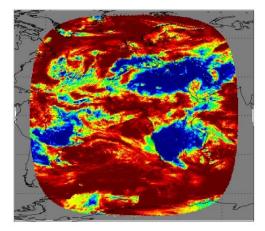
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NWP SAF

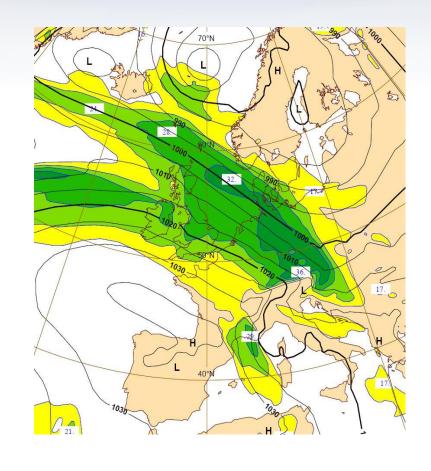




- SAF on Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP SAF)
- aims at increasing the benefits to Met.-Services from Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP)
- develops advanced techniques for the effective use of satellite data
- Leading Entity is the UK MetOffice, Exeter
- The NWP SAF is in its Continuous

 Development and Operations Phase since

 March 2007







ROM SAF

P ROM SAF



- SAF on Radio Occultation Meteorology
- GRAS: Global Positioning System (GPS) Receiver for Atmospheric Sounding flown on EPS/Metop satellites
- near real-time and offline:
 - sounding data (temperature, pressure, humidity)
 - corresponding validation products, and
 - assimilation software
- The Leading Entity is the Danish Meteorological Institute DMI, Copenhagen
- Software packages released since 2007, first NRT product dissemination in October 2008



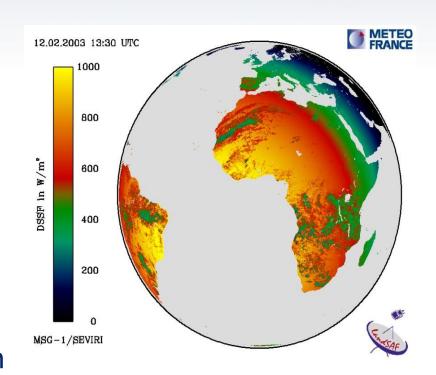


Land Surface Analysis SAF





- SAF on Land Surface Analysis (LSA SAF)
- established to increase the benefit from MSG and EPS data related to land, landatmosphere interaction and biospheric applications
- Generates operationally data services related to Surface Radiation, Vegetation and Soil Moisture
- Leading entity is the Portuguese Institute for Meteorology IM, Lisbon
- The Continuous Development and Operations Phase (CDOP) started in March 2007





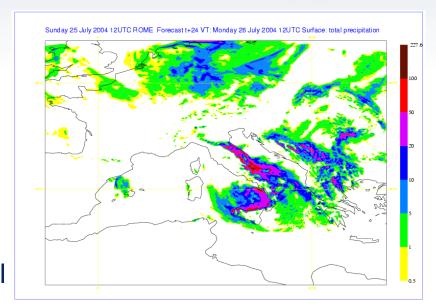


Hydrology SAF





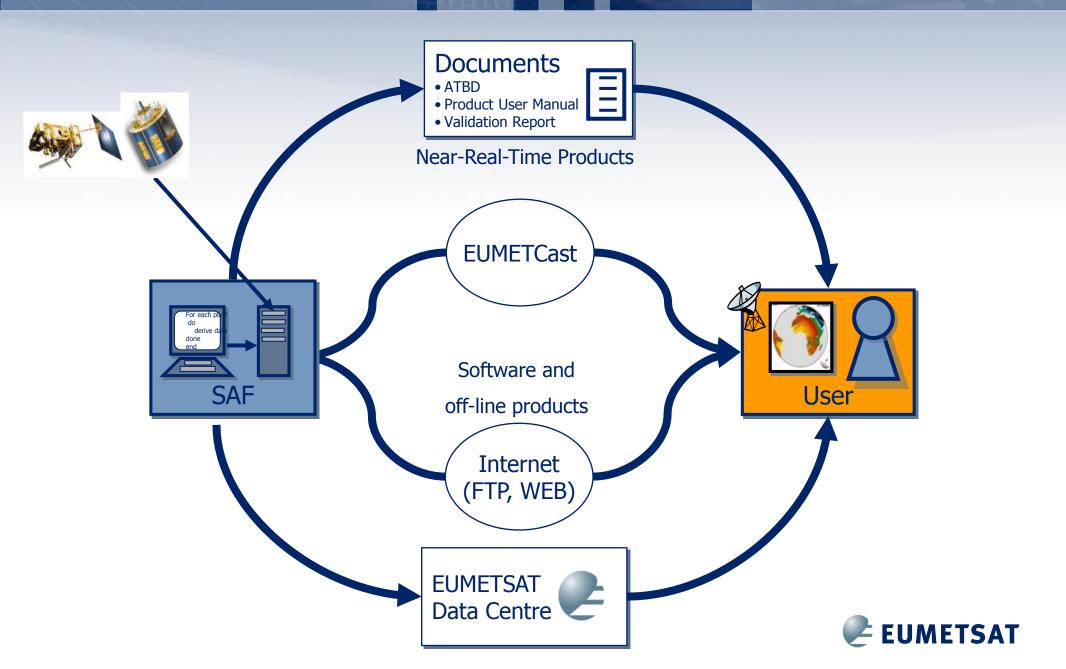
- SAF on Support to Operational Hydrology and Water Management
- Leading Entity: Italian Meteorological Service (USAM)
- SAF products focuses on
 - precipitation
 - soil moisture
 - snow parameters
 - utilisation of these parameters in hydrological models and NWP
- The H-SAF started CDOP in September 2010



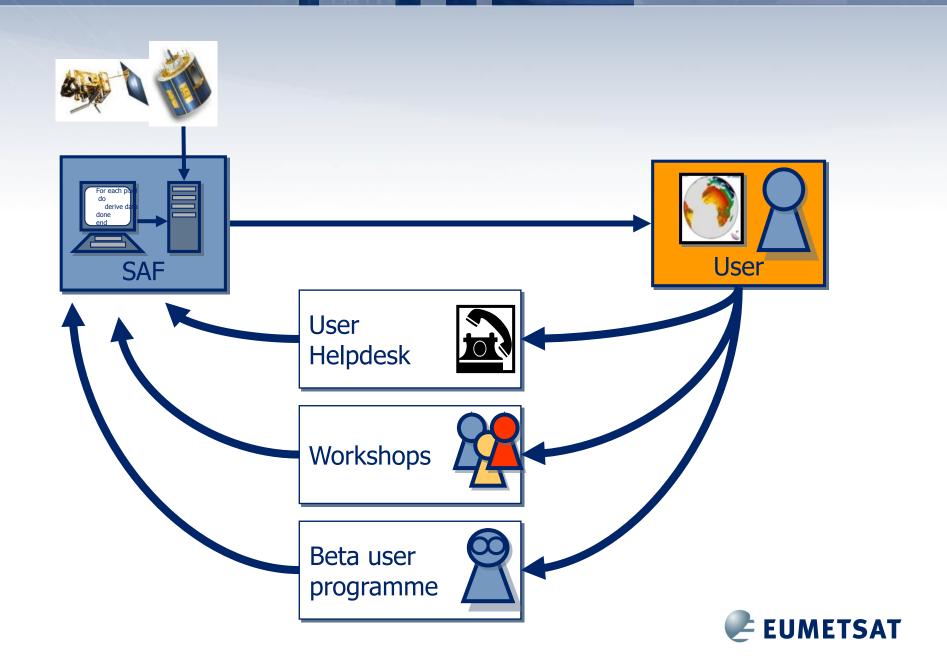




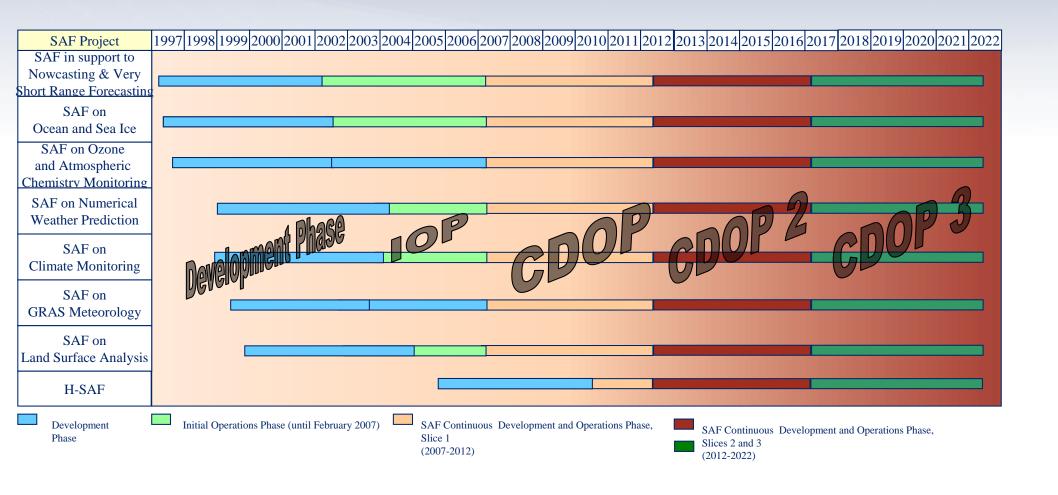
Interaction with Users: Services provided to users



Interaction with Users: Feedback provided to SAFs



Past and future of the SAF Network

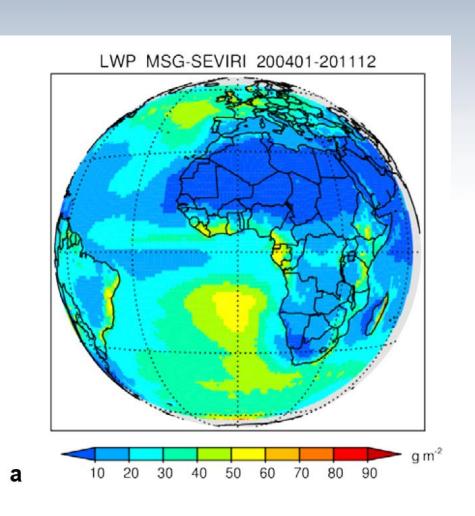




Examples for new Developments in CDOP-2

Long-term satellite data records:

- CM SAF: Meteosat since 1982
- O3M SAF: GOME-2 since 2006
- OSI SAF: Sea Ice since 1978, Sea Surface Temperature since 2002
- ROM SAF: Reprocessing of all GNSS-RO missions (since 1995)
- LSA SAF: reprocessing of SEVIRI products (since 2002)

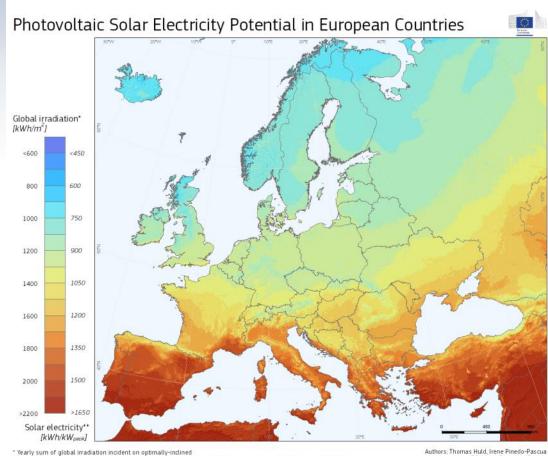




Application: PV GIS

Global irradiation and solar electricity potential Optimally-inclined photovoltaic modules **GERMANY / DEUTSCHLAND** Berlin Frankfurt am Main Stuttgart Yearly sum of global irradiation [kWh/m^{*}]<1100 1200 1300 1400 Yearly sum of solar electricity generated by 1kWo system with performance ratio 0.75 Thomas Huld, Irene Pinedo-Pascua European Commission • Joint Research Centre Institute for Energy and Transport, Renewable Energy Unit PVGIS http://re.jrc.ec.europa.eu/pvgis/

Country-scale and Europe / Africa Maps



Yearly sum of global irradiation incident on optimally-incline south-oriented photovoltaic modules

Legal notice: Neither the European Commission nor any person acting on behalf of the



[&]quot;Yearly sum of solar electricity generated by optimally-inclined 1kW, system with a performance ratio of 0.75

[©] European Union, 2012 PVGIS http://re.jrc.ec.europa.eu/pvgis/

Authors: Thomas Huld, Irene Pinedo-Pascua EC + Joint Research Centre In collaboration with: CM SAF, www.cmsaf.eu

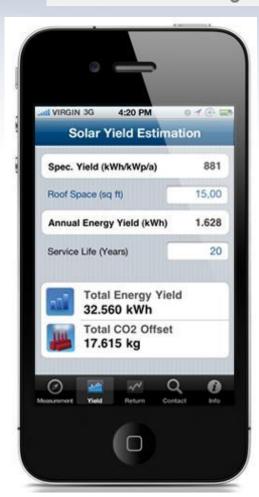
Application: SMA Solar Checker





SOLARCHECKER

Is It Worth Installing Solar Power on My Roof?







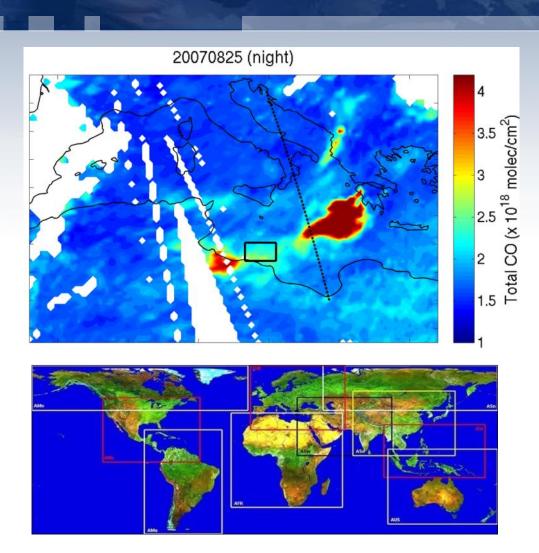




Examples for new Developments in CDOP-2

Bringing external developments into operations:

- O3M SAF: IASI products developed at LATMOS
- LSA SAF: NDVI (vegetation index from VITO, Belgium)
- NWC SAF: Precipitation based on cloud microphysics (KNMI)

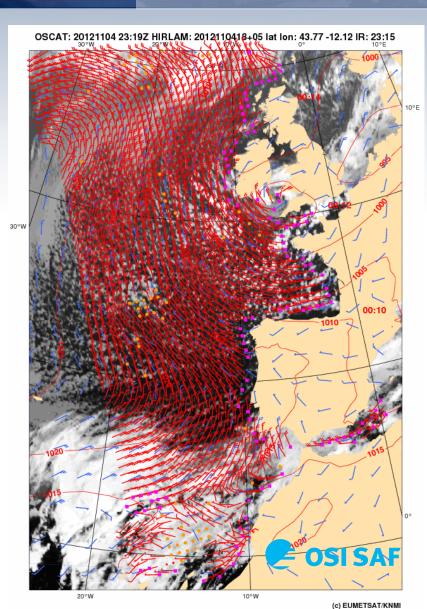




Examples for new Developments in CDOP-2

New satellite sensors:

- OSI SAF: NPP VIIRS Sea Surface Temperature, OSCAT based wind products
- H SAF: GPM data
- NWC SAF: Soumi NPP VIIRS, additional GEO imager
- ROM SAF: cosmic
- Preparation for MTG and EPS-SG





Two much information for today? Here are the essentials:



















- SAF = Satellite Application Facility
- providing products and services to users on an operational basis with a long-term perspective
- specialised on topics and themes
- located at Weather Services in EUMETSAT Member and Co-operating States
- developed and operated by consortium of partners
- part of the EUMETSAT application ground segment
- complement production of standard meteorological products at EUMETSAT central facility in Darmstadt
- Data and software are usable free of charge



