

EUMETSAT climate services

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*EUMeTrain event week on Heatwaves and Droughts
May 2023*



Agenda

www.eumetsat.int



The SAFs, EUMETSAT

OP/CDR/FCDR datasets

Challenges of space based climate monitoring

Where to find/access EUMETSAT data

The Future



... is the intergovernmental organization for the exploitation of meteorological satellites

Member States





The SAFs

www.eumetsat.int

- EUMETSAT has a network of different Satellite Application Facilities (SAFs)
- SAFs are dedicated centres of excellence for processing satellite data
 - research, development and operational activities
 - each SAF focusses on specific user communities or application areas



- Each SAF is a consortium of entities from EUMETSAT member states

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How many satellites are currently operated by EUMETSAT?

① Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.



Current EUMETSAT satellites

www.eumetsat.int

SENTINEL-3A & -3B (98.7° incl.)

Low Earth, sun-synchronous orbit
Copernicus satellites delivering marine data services from 814km altitude

JASON-3 (63° incl.)

Low Earth, non-synchronous orbit
Copernicus ocean surface topography mission (shared with CNES, NOAA, NASA and Copernicus)

Sentinel-6 Michael Freilich (66° incl.)

Low Earth, non-synchronous orbit
Copernicus ocean surface topography mission (shared with NASA, NOAA, ESA and Copernicus with support from CNES)

METEOSAT-10, -11

Geostationary orbit
Meteosat Second Generation

Two-satellite system
Full disc imagery mission (15 mins)
(Meteosat-11 (0°))
Rapid scan service over Europe (5 mins)
(Meteosat-10 (9.5° E))

METEOSAT-9 (45.5° E)

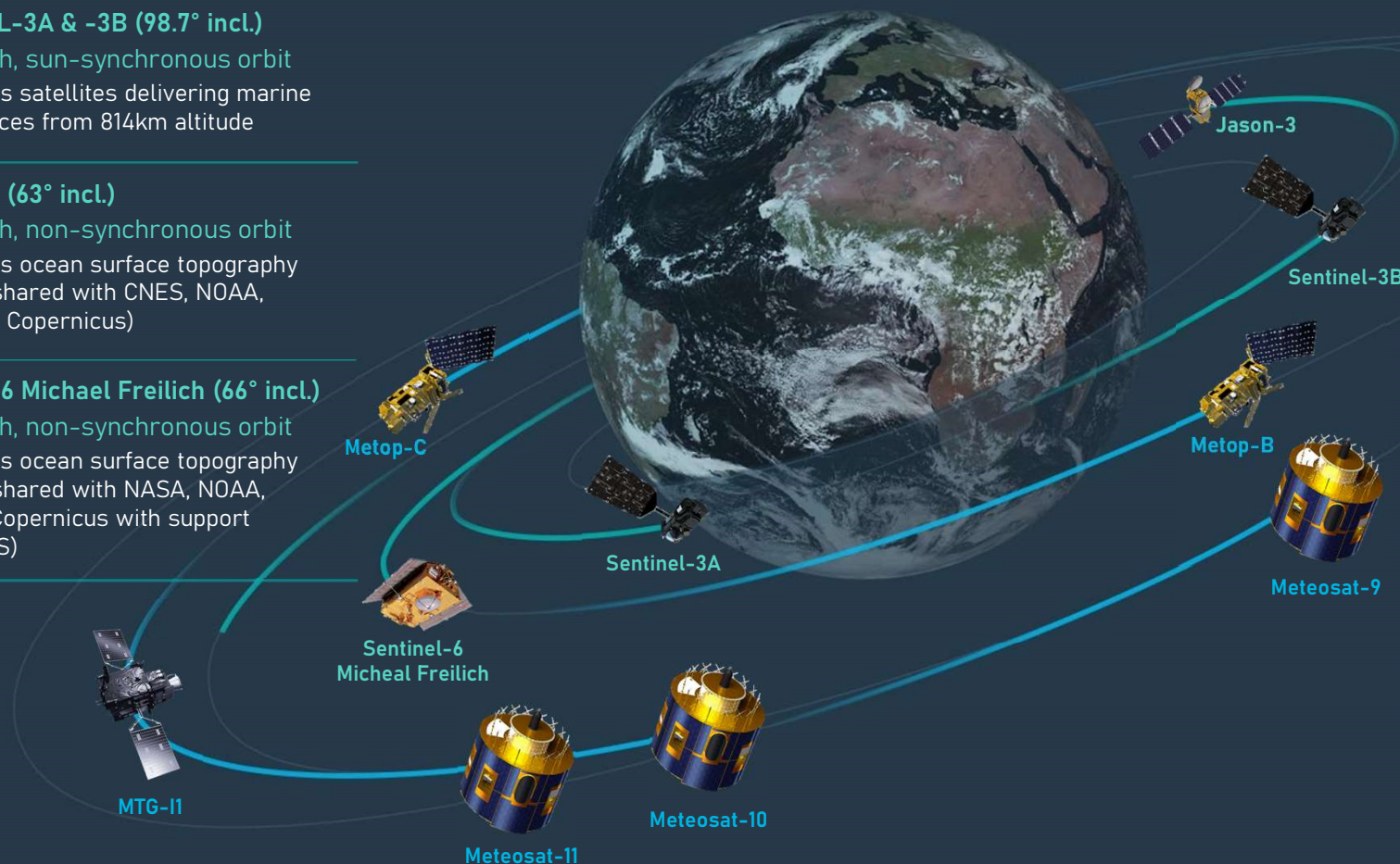
Geostationary orbit
Meteosat Second Generation
providing Indian Ocean data coverage

METOP-B & -C (98.7° incl.)

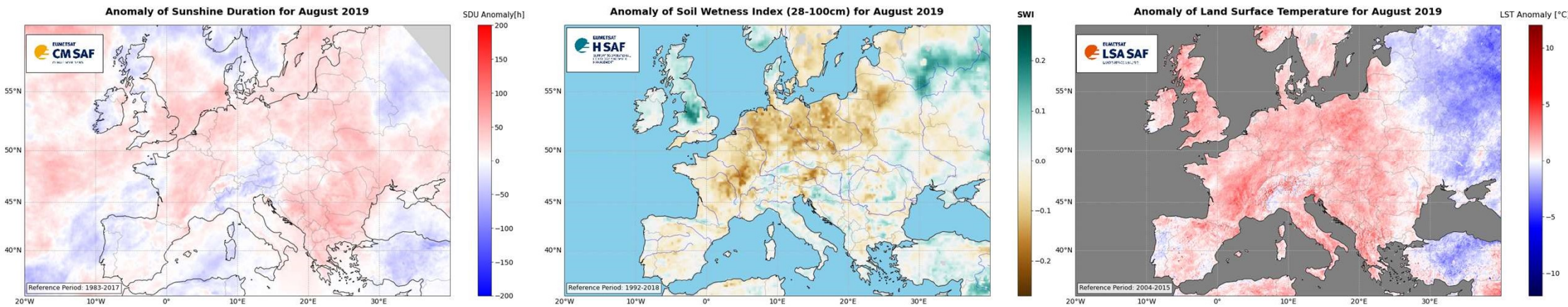
Low Earth, sun-synchronous orbit
EUMETSAT Polar System (EPS)/
Initial Joint Polar System

MTG-I1

Geostationary orbit
Meteosat Third Generation imaging mission, currently in commissioning phase



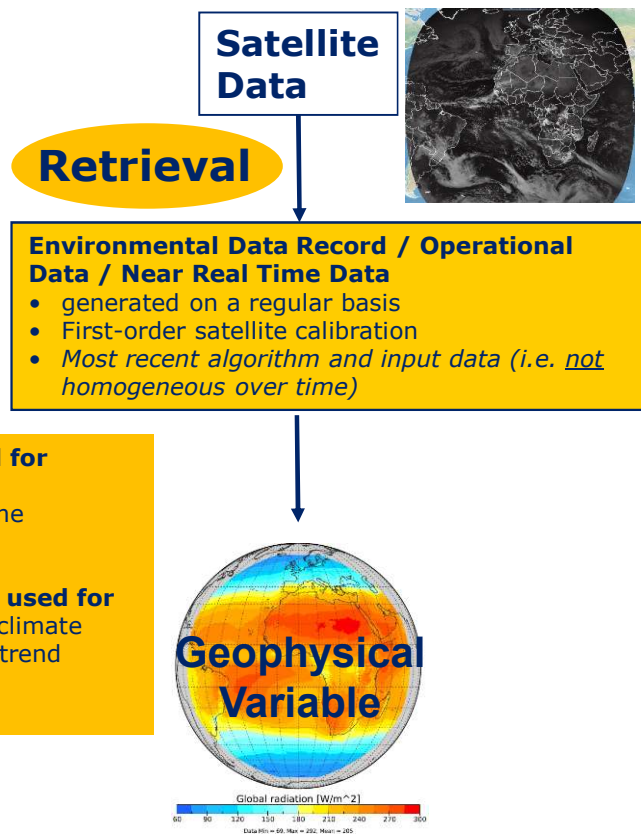
Heatwaves and droughts



Courtesy: Antonio Vecoli

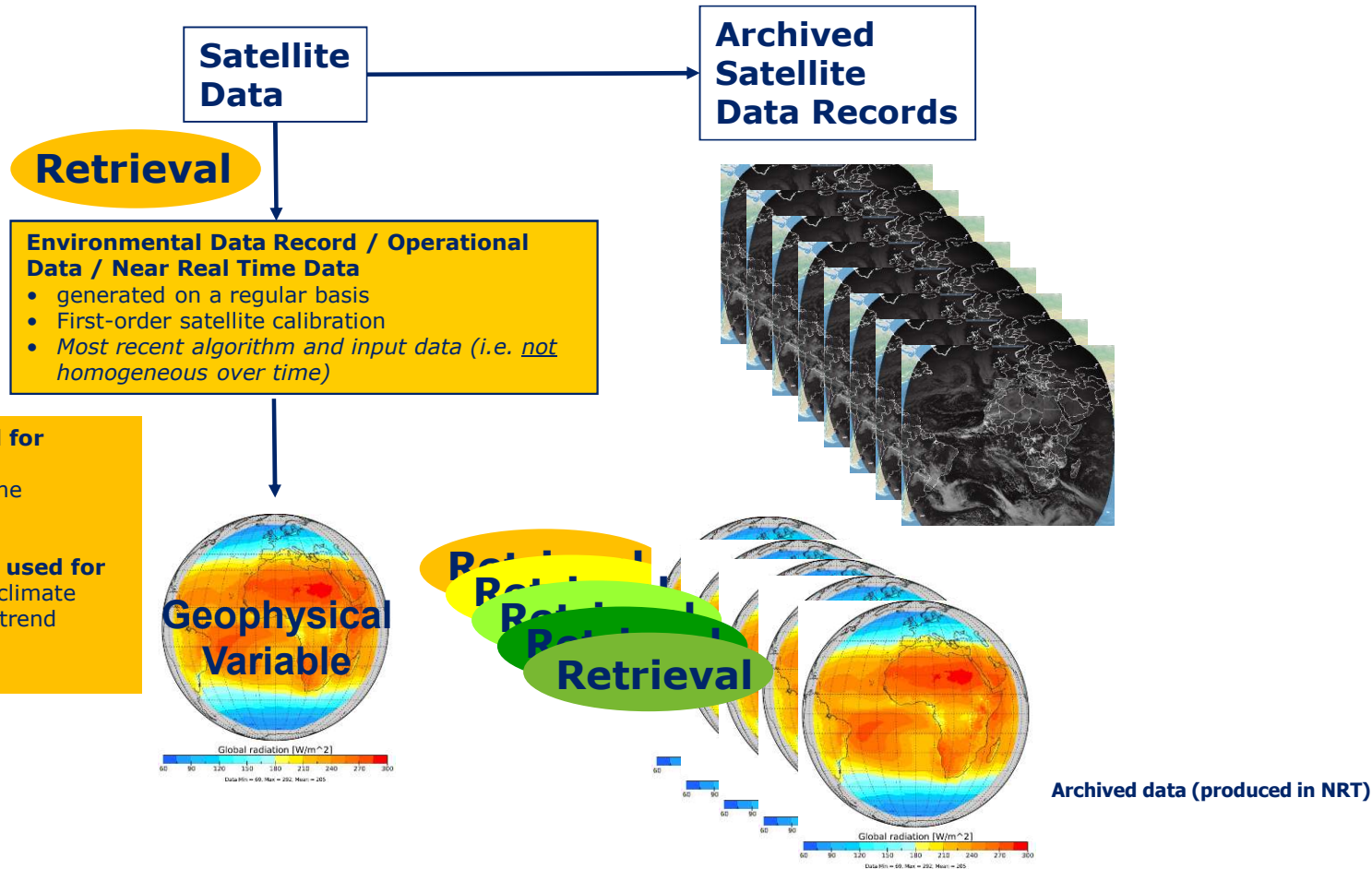
<https://www.eumetsat.int/2018-and-2019-drought-and-heatwaves-europe>

Space based Climate Monitoring - Challenges



Space based Climate Monitoring - Challenges

Short and Intermediate Term



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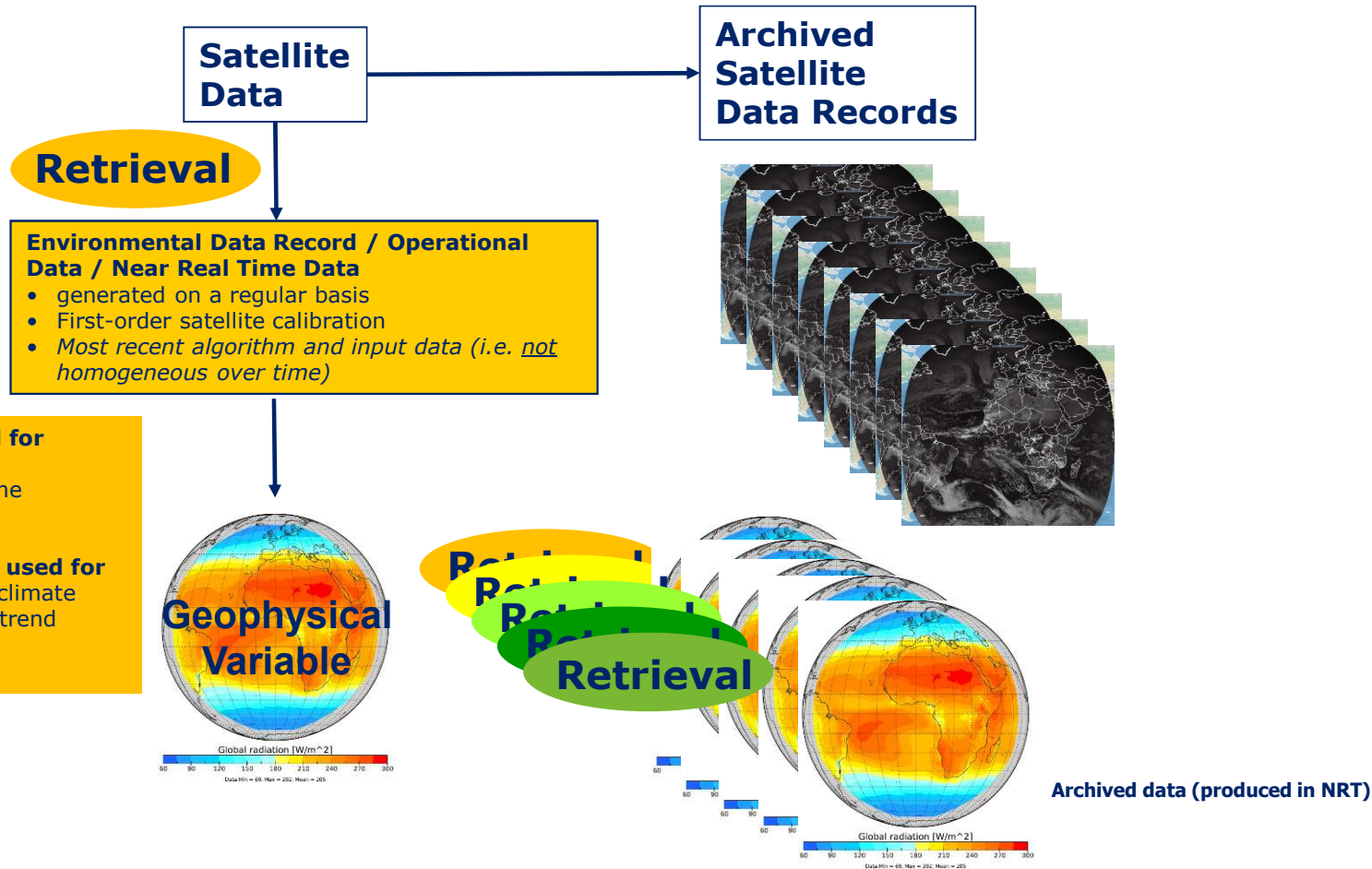


If you wanted to study an event in the past (eg: a Heatwave in Europe), and you had both operational archived data (produced in NRT) and CDR data sets available to you, which one would you choose for your study?

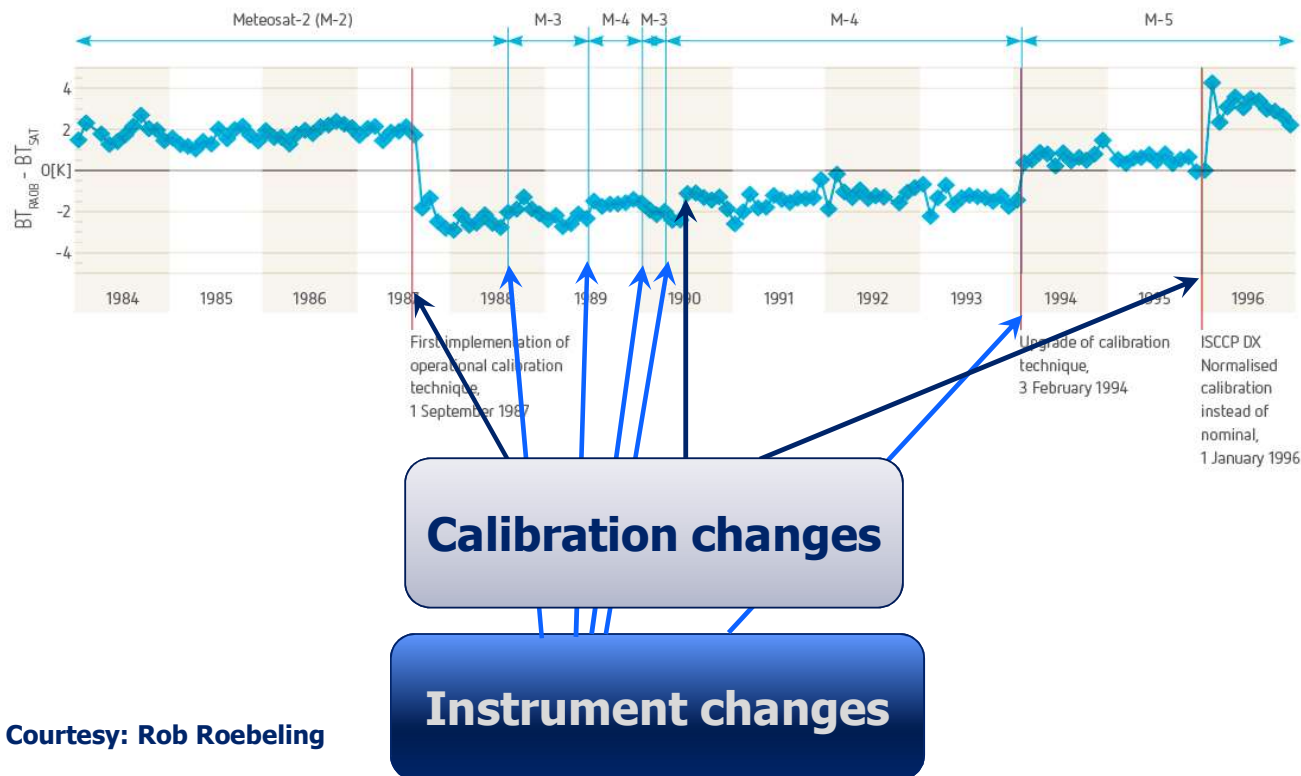
① **Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.**

Space based Climate Monitoring - Challenges

Short and Intermediate Term



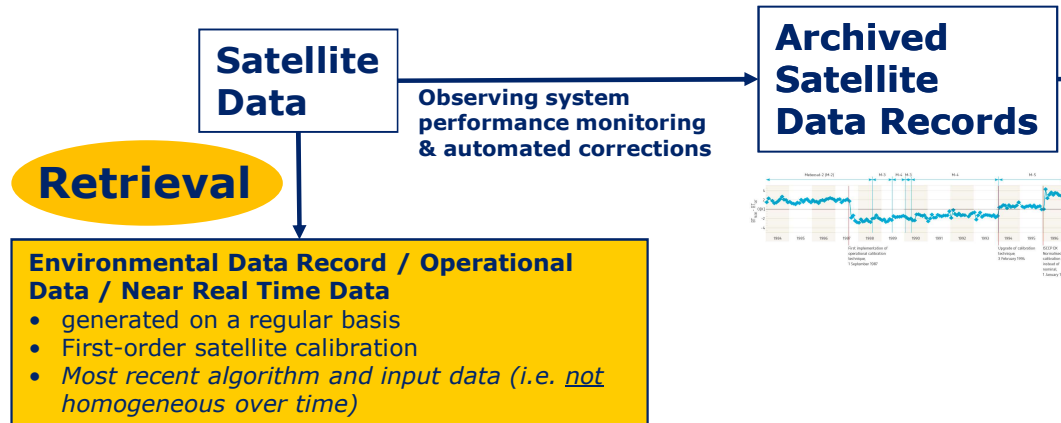
Production of Climate Data Records



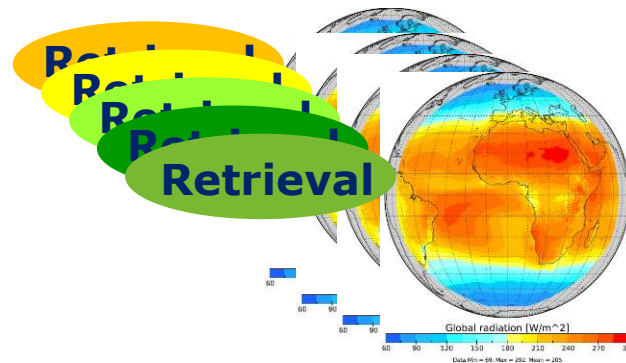
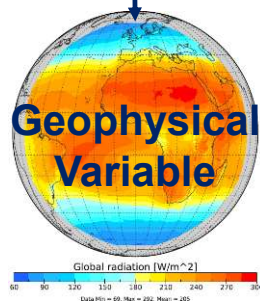
Courtesy: Rob Roebeling

Space based Climate Monitoring - Challenges

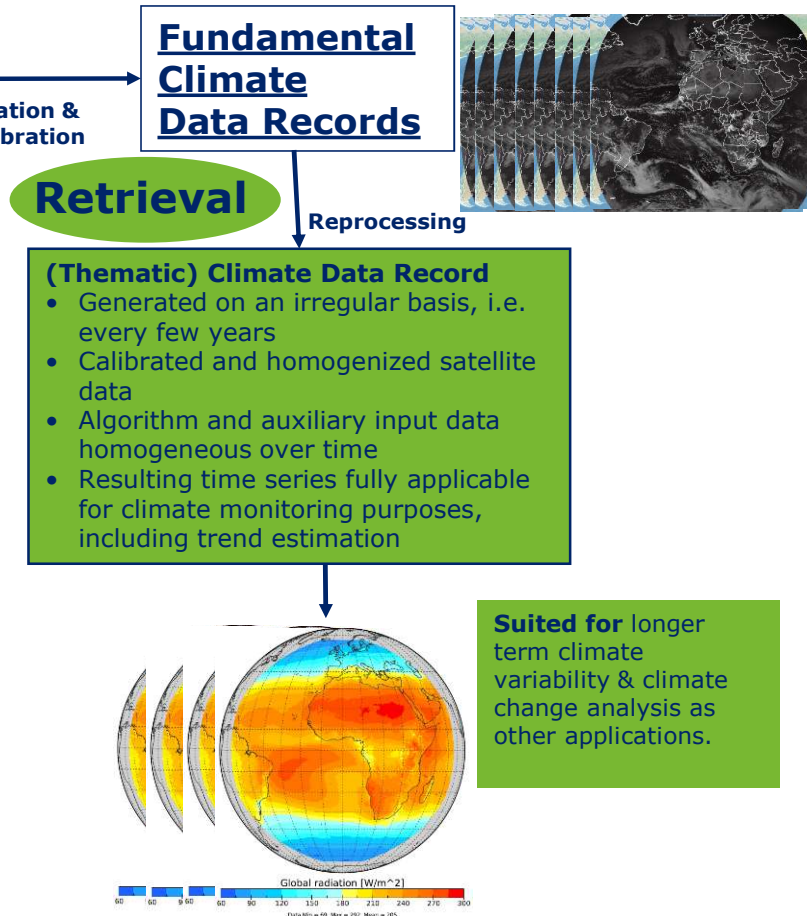
Short and Intermediate Term



Can be use for
Extreme Events
Monitoring
Near Real Time
Monitoring
Shall not be used for
Longer term climate
variability or trend
assessment.



Longterm



THE FUTURE

METEOSAT THIRD GENERATION (MTG)

EUMETSAT POLAR SYSTEM – SECOND GENERATION (EPS-SG)



The Future

Continuity of the service provided & **Product/ Portfolio Evolution** according with user requirements and considering new data and instruments:

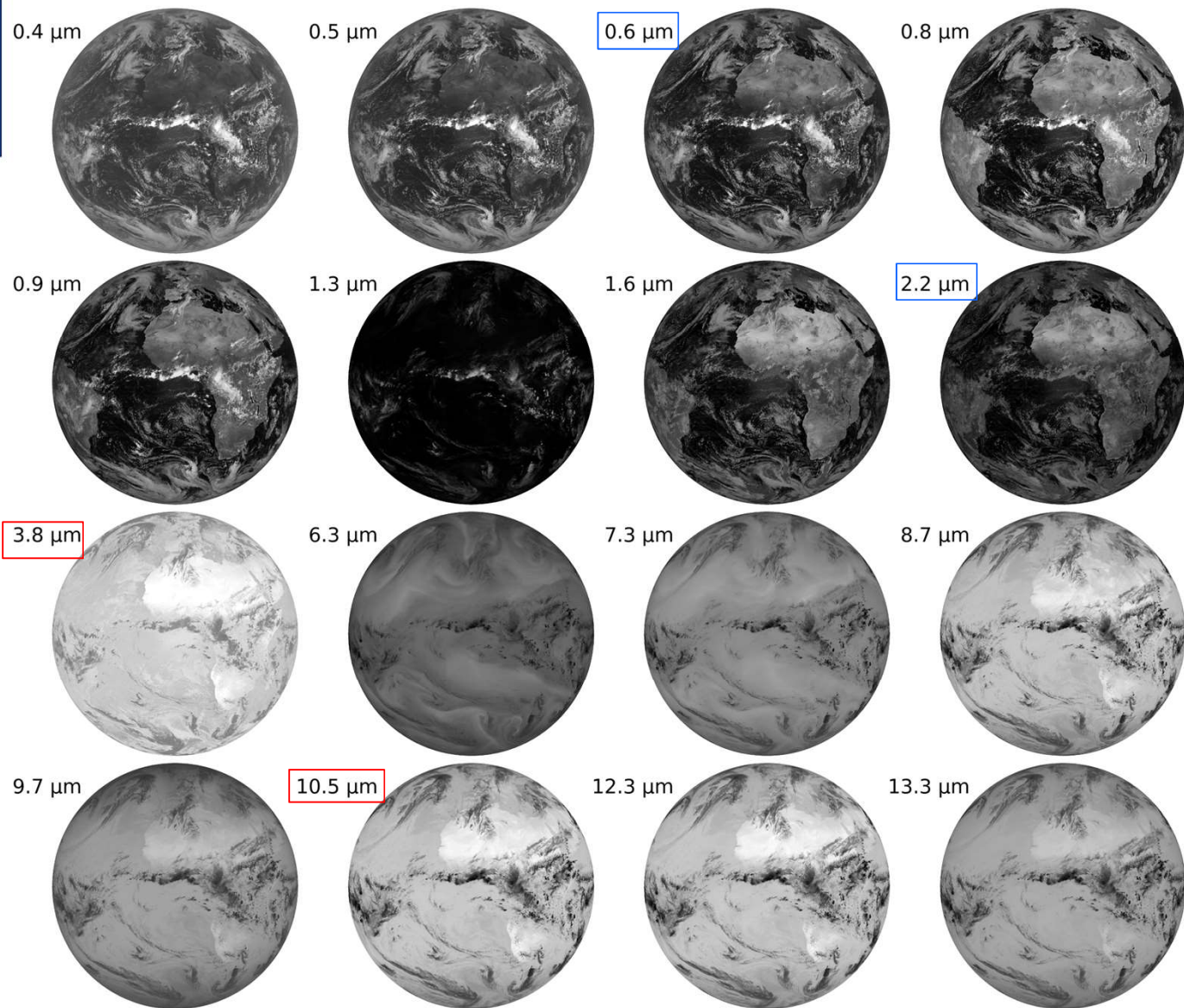
- 1) Ensure the continuity of a reliable near real time services
- 2) Provide homogeneous datasets for products – CDR's

MTG-I Flexible Combined Imager –FCI

**MTG-I1, from 11:50 UTC 18
March to 11:50 UTC 19 March
2023, every 10 min**

Solar channels
available with
1.0 km (& 0.5 km)
resolution

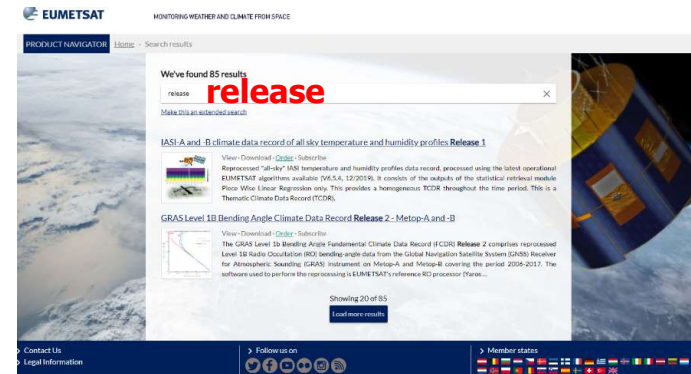
Thermal channels
available with
2 km (& 1 km)
resolution



Where to access EUMETSAT data

- EUMETSAT product navigator

<https://navigator.eumetsat.int/start>



- Check also on each SAF webpage

<http://lsa-saf.eumetsat.int>; <http://h-saf.eumetsat.int>;
<http://osi-saf.eumetsat.int>; <http://nwc-saf.eumetsat.int>;
etc....



Contact helpdesk: ops@eumetsat.int



Thank you!
Questions are welcome.